The German Lineage



of the

HÖLLEIN / HOELLEIN

family

PREMIUM
GERMAN HERITAGE REPORT

TGL EXAMPLE

CONFIDENTIAL!

Dear xxx,

It has been an honor and a privilege to trace the roots of the Höllein family on your behalf. This report represents a professional deep-dive into the historical fabric of your ancestors, tracing their journey through the industrial landscapes from Eisfeld, Thuringia, Germany to Belgium and back again.

The findings compiled in the following chapters offer a verified glimpse into the daily lives, challenges, and lasting legacy. May this report serve as a timeless anchor for your family's history.

Sincerely,

Florian Zacherl

Lead Genealogist, The German Lineage

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The German Lineage Quality Seal

This report has been compiled, cross-referenced, and verified using primary archival sources in accordance with international genealogical standards.



SAMPLE REPORT – SENSITIVE CLIENT DATA ALTERED FOR PRIVACY

YOUR JOURNEY STARTS NOW

Every name, date, and location in the following pages represents a real human life – filled with choices, struggles, and new beginnings that ultimately shaped your own story.

Behind the faded ink of these centuries-old documents are the ancestors who paved the way for your generation. This report transforms vague family lore into a permanent, verified historical record, serving as a timeless anchor for your family's heritage.

"To know where you are going, ...

... you have to know where you came from."

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UNLOCK YOUR GERMAN LEGACY ...

How to read this report?

To help you navigate your ancestral journey with maximum clarity, this Premium German Heritage Report follows international scientific standards. Below is a brief guide to the formatting, symbols, and research framework used throughout this document.

Formatting: Capital, cursive, ...

You will find some words written in capital letters, others in cursive format. To differentiate between first names and last names, all family names are written in capital letters (e.g., Carl August BACKERT [G6]). If there are specific German or Latin phrases which are useful for the context, they are written in cursive (e.g., *Ackermann* or *Herrenmühle*). Bold symbols or words are used to highlight important people, generations or other parts that are important for a quick find.

The Generation Key: [G1], [G2], ...

Throughout the narrative, pedigree charts, and transcripts, you will notice codes in brackets next to your ancestors' names (e.g., Johann Joseph Ernst HÖLLEIN [G4]). These indicate the exact generation of the person, counting backward from you.

[G1] The Client (You / Primary Subject)

[G2] Parental Generation

[G3] Grandparental Generation

[G4] Great-Grandparental Generation

(and so on ...)

Variation of Sources: [S2], [H4], ...

To strictly comply with the Genealogical Proof Standard (GPS), every historical claim must be backed by ironclad proof. After each sentence or paragraph there are brackets indicating the source of the provided information.

[S] This type indicates information taken from a primary **source**, e.g., church books or official registries.

[H] Here we have used **historical** or context information to give you the best experience and let you explore the life of your ancestors.

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Missing Information: [ur], ???, [lost], ...

We give our best to fill in the gaps of your family tree. Sometimes even our best effort is not good enough if information cannot be found or read. In general, there are four cases of missing information:

1. **Unknown information**
   This information was not provided by you at the start of the project.

2. **Unreadable information**
   Marked with "**[ur]**" in transcriptions and translations, the according word in the original scan was not readable for our genealogist. Despite years of experience, sometimes the handwriting of the officiant or the quality of the scan or paper itself are unreadable.

3. **Not searched information or information gaps**
   If we did not actively search for information and also could not fill in the gaps with information from found records or sources, this will be indicated by three question marks "**???**".

4. **Lost information**
   Sometimes historical research has limits due to lost or destroyed records. Parts indicated with "**[lost]**" could not be found even after extensive research in the listed archives. In most cases we can even give an explanation which will be noted in this report (e.g., no older church records available due to a possible destruction of church books in the Thirty Years' War).

Our 5-Step Document Verification Process

In Chapter 5.2 (Transcripts and Translations), every discovered key record is presented in an extensive, 5-step professional layout:

1. **Source Metadata**
   A quick-reference table listing the exact archive, microfilm roll, language, and condition of the record. Additionally, a list with all names and roles of different people in this record is presented.

2. **Original Scan**
   A visual snippet of the original document, extracted directly from the archives. This preserves the authentic look of the centuries-old handwriting and official seals for your permanent family collection, serving as the raw evidentiary foundation of our research.

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3. **Literal Transcription**
   A word-for word typed record of the old text to preserve the historical phrasing and archaic spelling exactly as written back in time. This step bridges the gap between centuries-old script (*Kurrent, Sütterlin*) and modern typography.

4. **English Translation**
   A fluent, meaningful English translation, making the historical content fully accessible to you. Rather than performing a rigid, word-for-word translation, we look at regional terminology and bridge the cultural gap – interpreting obsolete legal terms, historic trades, and old structural naming customs.

5. **Genealogist's Notes**
   Dedicated commentaries that decode old regional terms, abbreviations, and linguistic nuances (e.g., "weil." = "weiland" meaning "the late/deceased"). These notes also feature fascinating, "nice-to-know" insights and hidden details about this document that our genealogist uncovered during the research.

Standard Genealogical Abbreviations and Symbols

Abbreviation or Symbol	Explanation
b. / *	Date of Birth
b. in / * in / p.o.b.	Place of Birth
m. / ⚭ / ∞	Date of Marriage
m. in / ⚭ in / ∞ in	Place of Marriage
d. / †	Date of Death
d. in / † in / p.o.d.	Place of Death
⚔	Killed in battle / Wartime casualty
ca. / c.	*Circa* (Latin for "around" or "approximately")
bef. / a.	Before (Latin for "ante")
aft. / p.	After (Latin for "post")
bet.	Between
div.	Divorced
wit.	Witness / Witnesses
N. N.	*Nomen Nescio* (Latin for "name unknown")

EXAMPLE

Order Overview

Project ID	TGL-2026-0000
Client	xxx [G1] (b. 1970 in aaa, Bavaria, Germany)
Target Lineage	The Höllein Line (maternal branch of the client)
Geographic Focus	Belgium
Order Date	25 Aug 2026, 4.11 p.m.
Package	Premium German Heritage Report
Research Time	14 h 50 min
Completion Date	31 Aug 2026
Researcher	Florian ZACHERL, lead genealogist
Documents Discovered	5 primary sources (3 birth, 1 marriage and 1 death records)
Project Status	COMPLETED
Comments	-

TGL EXAMPLE

Provided Information

The client: Born in 1970 in aaa, Bavaria, Germany. [G1]

Maternal Lineage: The client's mother yyy [G2] was born in 1946 in bbb, Thuringia, Germany. The maternal grandmother, zzz [G3], was born in 1924 in ccc, Thuringia, Germany and passed away in 1989 in Ingolstadt, Bavaria, Germany.

Target Ancestor: The focus of the maternal branch centers on the client's great-grandfather, Johann Ernst HÖLLEIN [G4], who passed away on January 1, 1955, in Jena, Thuringia, Germany at the age of 66 years.

Family Lore: A persistent oral tradition within the family suggests that the parents of Johann Ernst HÖLLEIN [G4] originally migrated from Louvain (Leuven, Löwen), Belgium, to Germany.

Initial Documentation: No primary certificates or official registry documents were available at the launch of the project.

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TGL EXAMPLE

1. Research Objectives

1. **Verification of Birth Data**
   To locate and analyze the official birth record for Johann Ernst HÖLLEIN (reported birth around 1888) in order to extract his exact date and place of birth, legal parentage, and any vital marginal notations.

2. **Reconstruction of Ancestral Generations**
   To discover primary source documentation regarding the births, marriages, and deaths of the parents of Johann Ernst HÖLLEIN, establishing a bulletproof foundation to research the lineage further back in time.

3. **Investigation of the Migration**
   To reconstruct the family history and investigate the underlying socio-economic causes for the family's migration (e.g., labor opportunities during the industrial boom), placing these personal events into a broader historical and cultural context.

2. Executive Summary

This professional genealogical investigation represents a highly successful and comprehensive reconstruction of the client's maternal ancestral lineage, focusing on the HÖLLEIN family branch. Over an intensive 15-hour dedicated research window, utilizing digital state repositories and ecclesiastical archives in Germany and Belgium, the project achieved exceptional depth and clarity, bypassing long-standing historical "brick walls".

Key Operational Achievements:

- **Lineage Extension:** The family tree was successfully extended by three complete generations back into the early 19th century.
- **Ancestral Discoveries:** A total of 11 new direct ancestors and maternal relatives were uncovered, documented, and verified.
- **Evidentiary Foundation:** The lineage was anchored by securing 5 primary archival sources (3 Birth/Baptism Records, 1 Marriage Record, and 1 Death Record).
- **Temporal Depth:** The chronological timeline of verified family vital dates was expanded by 7 newly recovered legal historical dates. The covered timeline spans from 1847 to 1888.

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Core Strategic Findings:

1. **Verification of the Belgian Migration Lore:** The persistent oral family tradition was definitively proven. Primary civil registry documentation (Document [S1]) confirms the birth of the target subject, Johann Joseph Ernst HÖLLEIN [G4], on December 16, 1888, in Louvain, Belgium.

2. **Expatriate Reconstruction and Tragedy:** The research successfully identified the target subject's parents, Master Miller Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] (1847 – 1895) and Johanne Friederike FISCHER [G5] (1855 - ???), as German expatriates from Thuringia who migrated to the industrial hub of Louvain. Their premature deaths in Belgium legally triggered the return of the orphaned children back to Germany.

3. **Thuringian Roots and Social Status:** Bypassing the post-1876 civil gaps, the lineage was deeply anchored in the Lutheran parish books of Eisfeld, Thuringia. The ancestral line revealed a proud tradition of independent landowners (Ackermann) and prestigious master millers (*Herrenmüller*) managing the manorial town mill (*Herrenmühle*) in the early 19th century.

4. **Legitimation Breakthrough:** A crucial archival discovery (Document [S4]) resolved the shifting orthography of the maternal line, locating the official 1873 declaration that legally transferred the surname BACKERT to the formerly non-legitimized Johanne Friederike FISCHER [G5].

In conclusion, this phase has established a bulletproof, scientifically compliant genealogical framework. It transforms oral family lore into a historical record, providing a profound timeless anchor for the client's German heritage.

TGL EXAMPLE

3. Summary of Findings and Documented Searches

Through targeted archival cross-referencing, the maternal line of the HÖLLEIN family was successfully documented across three generations back to the early 19th century:

P1 [G4]	Provided information	Researched information
First Name(s)	Johann Ernst	Johann Joseph Ernst
Last Name	HÖLLEIN	HÖLLEIN
Maiden Name	-	-
Occupation	-	???
Date of Birth	Around 1888	December 16, 1888
Place of Birth	Maybe Louvain, Belgium	Louvain, Belgium

Date of Marriage	*Unknown*	???
Place of Marriage	*Unknown*	???
Spouse	*Unknown*	???
Date of Death	January 1, 1955	-
Place of Death	Jena, Thuringia, Germany	-
Father	*Unknown*	Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN (1847 – 1895) [G5]
Mother	*Unknown*	Johanne Friederike FISCHER (1855 – (bet. 1888 – 1895)) [G5]
Parents' Marriage	*Unknown*	???
Paternal Grandparents	*Unknown*	Carl HÖLLEIN [G6] and Caroline EILHAUER [G6]
Father of Carl HÖLLEIN	*Unknown*	Johann Christian HÖLLEIN [G7]
Father of Caroline EILHAUER	*Unknown*	Georg EILHAUER [G7]
Maternal Grandparents	*Unknown*	Carl August BACKERT [G6] and Caroline FISCHER [G6]
Mother of Carl August BACKERT	*Unknown*	Barbara BECHMANN [G7]
Father of Caroline FISCHER	*Unknown*	Johann Jacob FISCHER [G7]
Mother of Caroline FISCHER	*Unknown*	Elisabeth Barbara DRESSEL [G7]

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To ensure scientific compliance with the Genealogical Proof Standard (GPS), negative search results have been fully preserved to establish that an exhaustive search was conducted.

Repository or Archive	Record collection and Years	Result / Outcome
Ancestry	Search for Johann Ernst HÖLLEIN [G4]	NEGATIVE No primary certificate located.
AGATHA (Belgium)	Birth Records Louvain 1888 – 1890	POSITIVE [S1] Located birth record of Johann Josef Ernst HÖLLEIN [G4] (December 16, 1888). Nr. 1184/1888 Verified migration link.
AGATHA (Belgium)	Ten-year index of Birth, Marriage and Death Records 1823 – 1880	NEGATIVE No names indexed indicating the marriage of Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] and Johanne Friederike FISCHER [G5] found from 1870 – 1880.
AGATHA (Belgium)	Ten-year index of Birth, Marriage and Death Records 1881 – 1910	NEGATIVE No names indexed indicating the marriage of Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] and Johanne Friederike FISCHER [G5] found from 1881 – 1895.
AGATHA (Belgium)	Death Records Louvain 1891 – 1897	POSITIVE [S2] Located death record of Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] (November 8, 1895). Nr. 803/1895
Matricula	Search for Eisfeld, Thuringia, Germany	NEGATIVE No church books for this place available.
Archion	Church Book Baptisms Eisfeld 1825 – 1850	POSITIVE [S3] Located birth and baptism record of Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] (b. November 29, 1847) (bapt. December 26, 1847) Listed parents [G6] and grandfathers [G7] (maternal and paternal).

EXAMPLE

Archion	Church Book Baptisms Eisfeld 1851 – 1872	POSITIVE [S4] Located birth and baptism record of Johanne Friederike FISCHER [G5] (b. November 7, 1855) (bapt. November 25, 1855) Listed parents [G6] and grandfather [G7] of the maternal side. Change of birth name from FISCHER to BACKERT.
Archion	Church Book Marriages Eisfeld 1866 – 1875	NEGATIVE No records indicating the marriage of Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] and Johanne Friederike FISCHER [G5] found from 1870 – 1875.
Archion	Church Book Marriages Eisfeld 1874 – 1896	NEGATIVE No records indicating the marriage of Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] and Johanne Friederike FISCHER [G5] found from 1874 – 1888.
Archion	Church Book Marriages Eisfeld 1876 – 1897	NEGATIVE No records indicating the marriage of Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] and Johanne Friederike FISCHER [G5] found from 1876 – 1888.
Archion	Church Book Baptisms, Marriages Eisfeld 1806 – 1865	POSITIVE [S5] Located marriage record of Carl August BACKERT [G6] and Caroline FISCHER [G6] (m. February 9, 1864) Listed mother [G7] of Carl August BACKERT [G6] and parents [G7] of Caroline FISCHER [G6].

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Genealogist's Research Note on Missing Marriage Record:

Please note that despite a rigorous cross-referencing research across both the Belgian Civil Registries (Louvain 1870 – 1888) and the Evangelical Parish Books of Eisfeld, Thuringia, no official marriage record for Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] and Johanne Friederike FISCHER [G5] could be located.

However, their legal union and parentage are scientifically proven beyond doubt through the subsequent legitimization entries found in [S1] and [S2].

4. 7-Generation Pedigree Chart

The following section presents the visual blueprint of the client's ancestral lines, chronologically mapping out **seven generations** of family history. To maintain maximum legibility and adhere to international genealogical standards, the vast branching of the family tree has been divided into three consecutive, high-resolution continuation charts:

Chart 4.a **Master Pedigree Chart [Generations G1 – G3]**
Serving as the structural foundation, this chart begins with the client **[G1]** as the primary subject, extending through the parental generation **[G2]** and anchoring the grandparental line **[G3]**.

Chart 4.b **Line Continuation – Branch A [Generations G3 – G5]**
This chart deep-dives into the branch of interest starting with the maternal grandmother of the client **[G3]** as the new point of origin. It tracks her paternal lineage back into the 19th century, featuring the target ancestor Johann Joseph Ernst HÖLLEIN **[G4]** and his parents **[G5]**.

Chart 4.c **Line Continuation – Branch A.I [Generations G5 – G7]**
Starting with the newly uncovered paternal lineage of Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN **[G5]**, this chart expands into the sixth generation **[G6]** and ends with the names of the great-great-great-great-grandfathers of the client **[G7]**.

Chart 4.d **Line Continuation – Branch A.II [Generations G5 – G7]**
The last chart begins with the newly uncovered maternal line of Johanne Friederike BACKERT **[G5]** and expands into the sixth generation **[G6]**. It concludes with three of the four names of the client's great-great-great-great-grandparents **[G7]**.

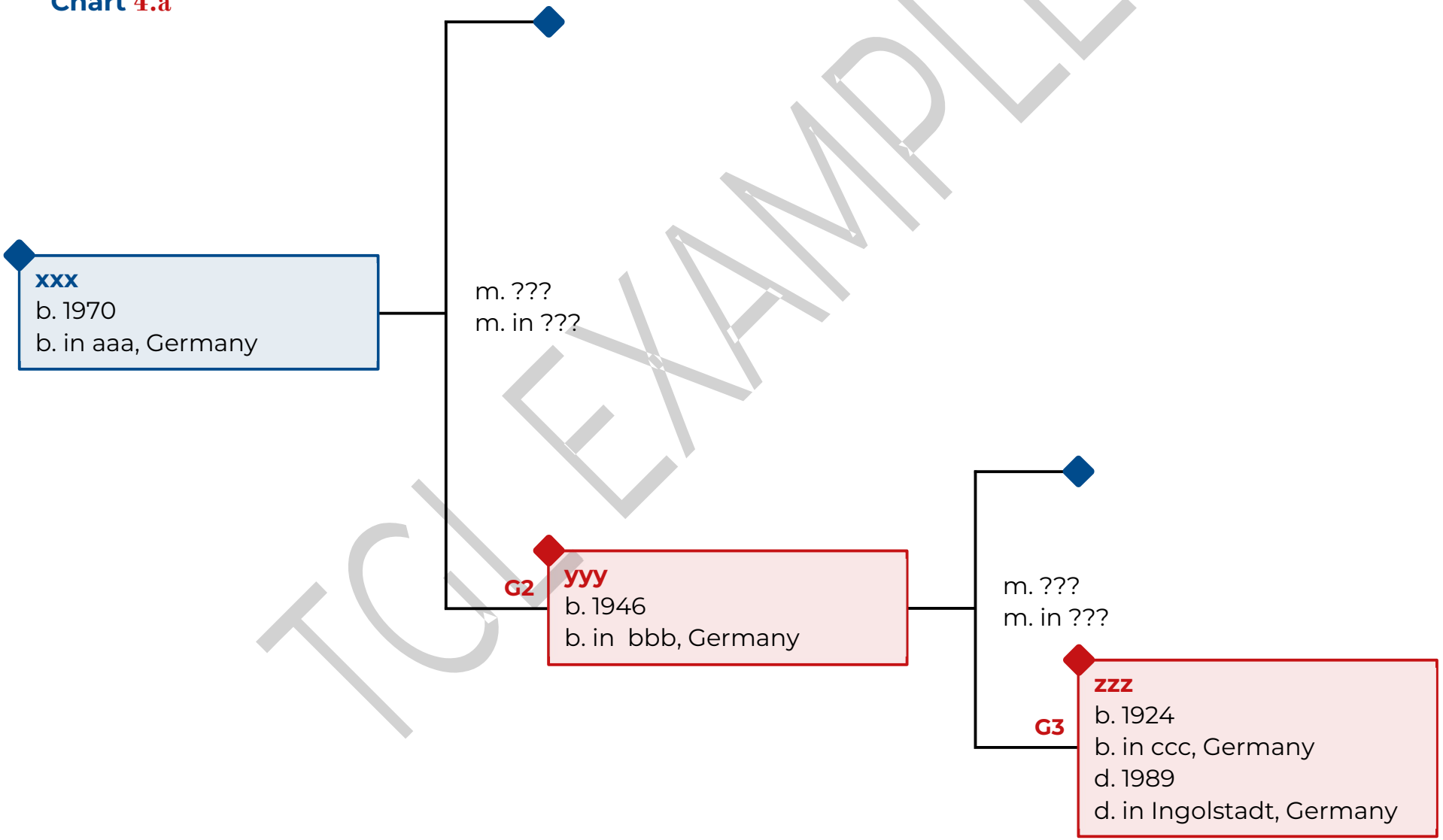
Genealogical Key and Legend:

For clarity, paternal lines are represented by blue-bordered nodes, while maternal lines utilize red-bordered nodes. Standardized genealogical abbreviations are applied throughout the charts: b. (Date of Birth), b. in (Place of Birth), m. (Date of Marriage), m. in (Place of Marriage), d. (Date of Death), and d. in (Place of Death). Form boxes representing branches outside the authorized research scope or hit by historical archival gaps have been intentionally omitted to ensure a fully customized, streamlined family record.

TGL EXAMPLE

The German Lineage

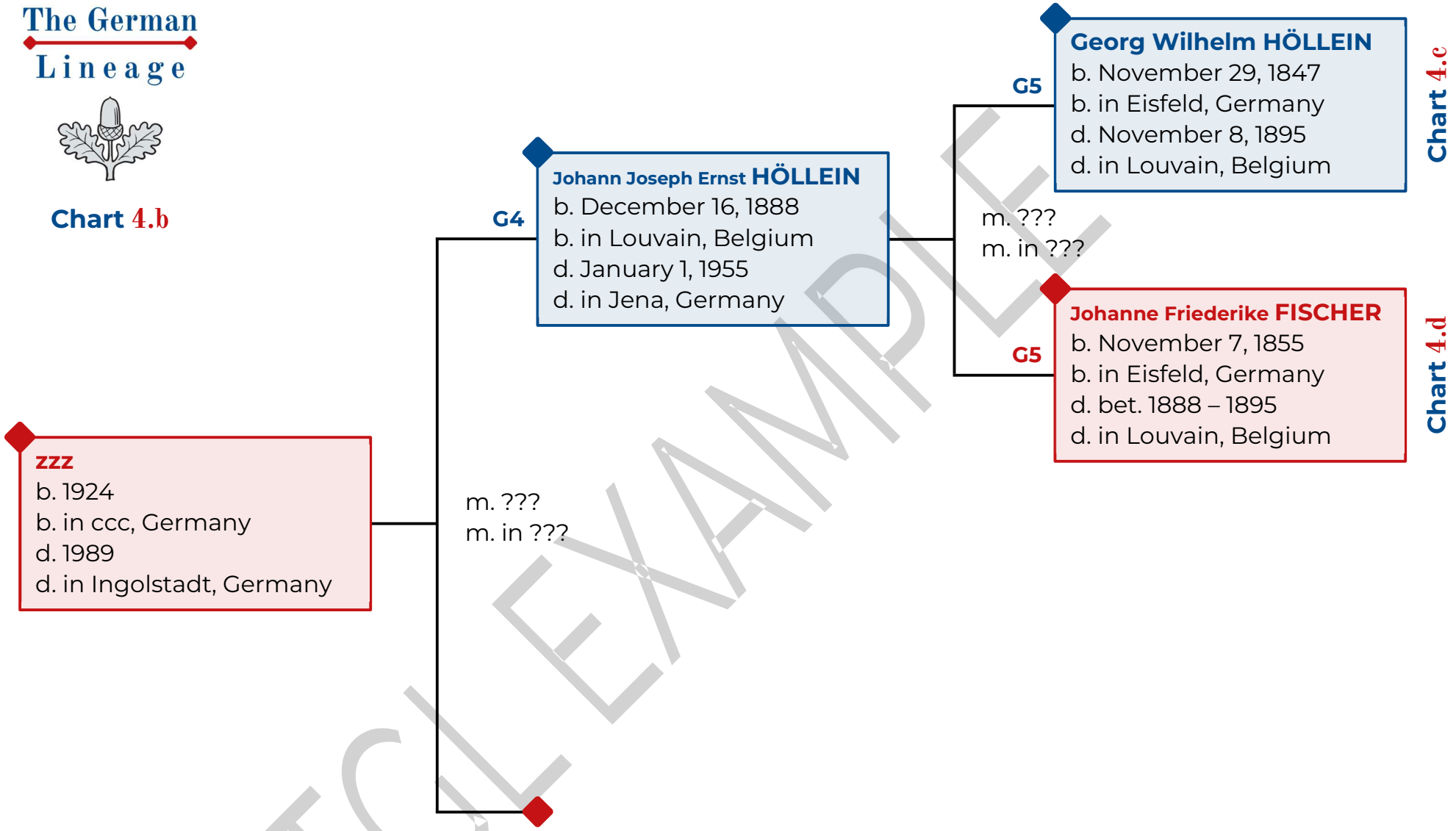
Chart 4.a



TGL EXAMPLE

The German Lineage

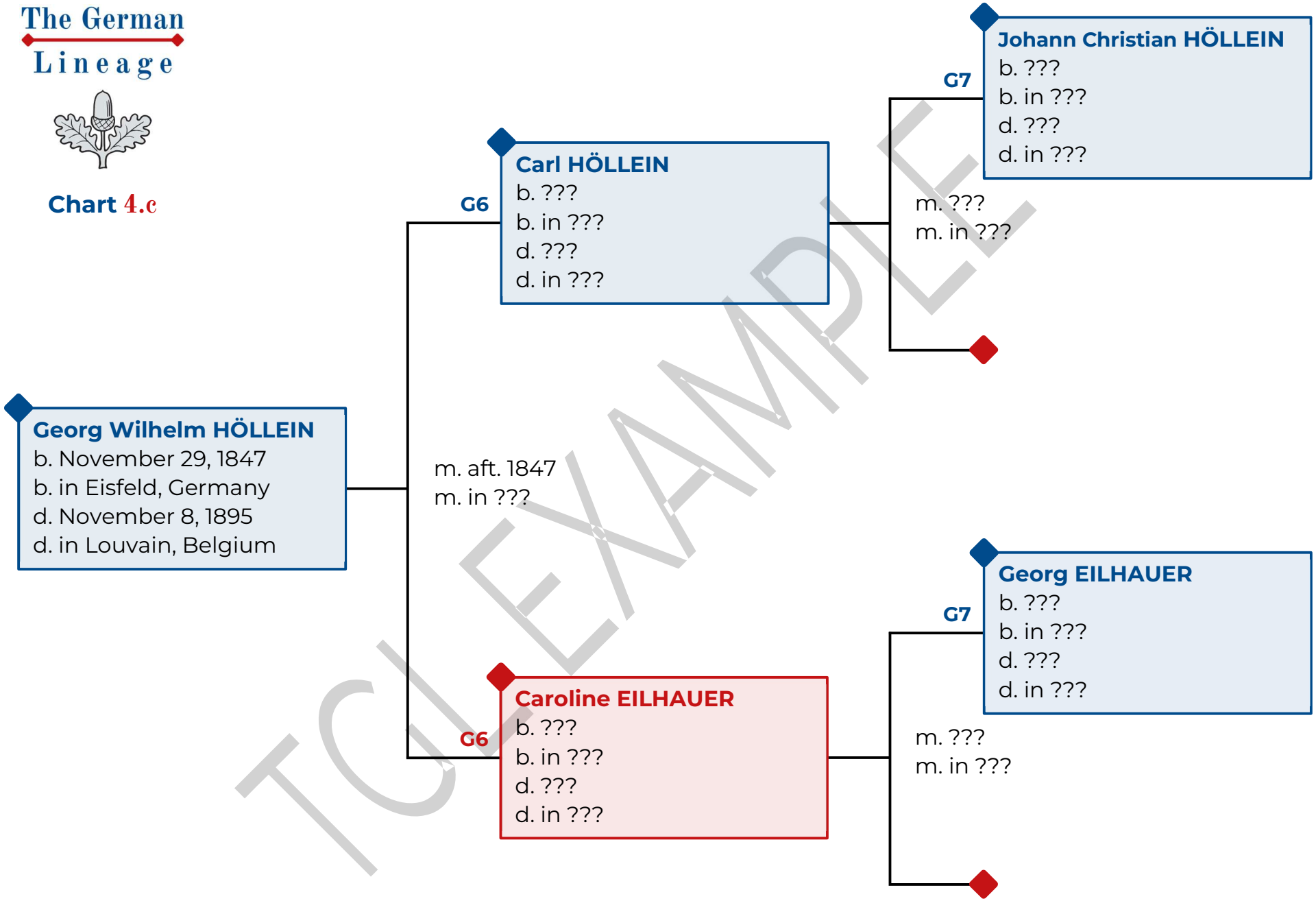
Chart 4.b



TGL EXAMPLE

The German Lineage

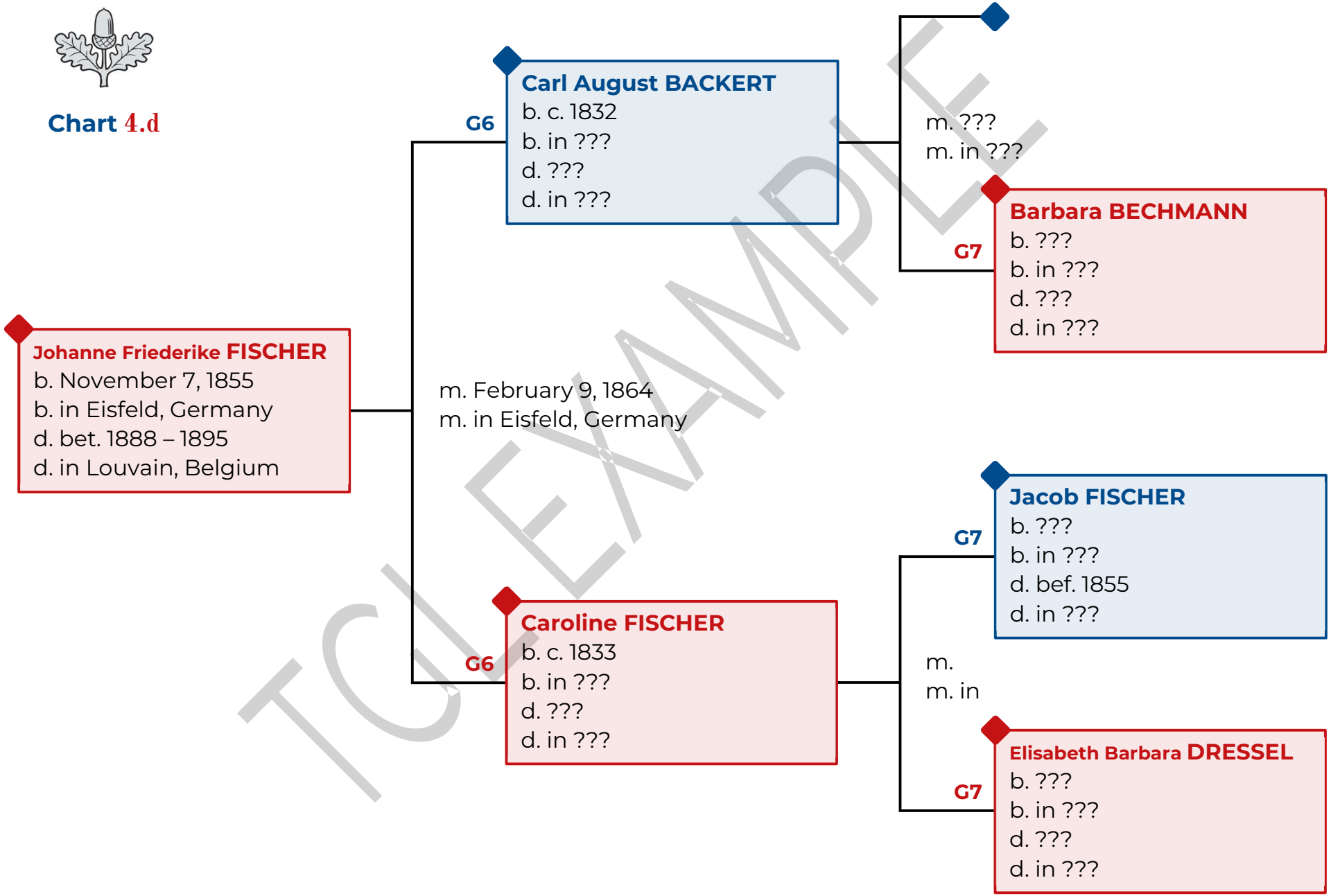
Chart 4.c



TCL EXAMPLE

The German Lineage

Chart 4.d



TGL EXAMPLE

5. Detailed Family Narrative and Primary Sources

5.1 Seven Ancestor Profiles

In this section, the fragmented archival discoveries are woven into cohesive biographical narratives, contextualizing the daily lives, migrations, and challenges of the HÖLLEIN ancestral line.

5.1.a Individual Profile: Johann Joseph Ernst HÖLLEIN [G4]

Category	Verified Historical Data
Full Name	Johann Joseph Ernst HÖLLEIN
Generation	[G4] – Great-Grandfather of the Client
b. and b. in	December 16, 1888 – Louvain, Belgium
Marriage / in	???
d. and d. in	January 1, 1955 – Jena, Thuringia, Germany
Occupation	???
Residences	Louvain (Belgium), Jena (Thuringia, Germany)
Parents [G5]	Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN and Johanne Friederike FISCHER
Spouse(s)	???
Evidence	[S1] (Birth 1888), [S2] (Death 1895)

Johann Joseph Ernst HÖLLEIN [G4] was born into a period of profound geopolitical and industrial transition. His birth on December 16, 1888, in Louvain, Belgium, serves as the definitive structural link confirming the long-standing family lore of a late 19th-century Belgian migration [S1]. Born as the son of German expatriates **Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN** [G5] and **Johanne Friederike FISCHER** [G5], he lost both his parents relatively early on. After his mother's death between 1888 and 1895, his father also passed away in 1895 [S2]. After this he probably moved to Eisfeld, Thuringia, Germany with his step-mother **Jeanne Ernestine BACKERT** [S2].

Spanning the tumultuous decades of the early 20th century, Johann eventually relocated to the industrial optics hub of Jena, where his daughter **zzz** [G3] was born in 1924. Johann Joseph Ernst HÖLLEIN witnessed both World Wars on German soil and probably fought in WWI (age 25 – 29) and maybe even WWII (age 50 – 56). He spent his later years in Thuringia before passing away on New Year's Day, January 1, 1955, in Jena, Thuringia, Germany.

EXAMPLE

5.1.b Individual Profile: Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5]

Category	Verified Historical Data
Full Name	Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN
Generation	[G5] – Great-Great-Grandfather of the Client
b. and b. in	November 29, 1847 – Eisfeld, Thuringia, Germany
Marriage / in	???
d. and d. in	November 8, 1895 – Louvain, Belgium
Occupation	Master miller
Residences	Eisfeld (Thuringia, Germany), Louvain (Belgium)
Parents [G6]	Carl HÖLLEIN and Caroline EILHAUER
Spouse(s)	Johanne Friederike FISCHER
Evidence	[S1] (Birth 1888), [S2] (Death 1895), [S3] (Birth 1847)

Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] represents the pioneering spirit and the ultimate sacrifice of the family's late 19th-century migration story. Born out of wedlock on November 29, 1847, and baptized on December 26, 1847, in the historic town of Eisfeld, Thuringia, less than 5 km (3.1 miles) north of the Bavarian border, his early life was rooted in the traditional structures of post-Napoleonic central Germany [S3]. As son of **Carl HÖLLEIN** [G6], a miller by trade, and **Caroline EILHAUER** [G6], a miller's daughter, it was predetermined that Georg Wilhelm would become a miller as well [S3].

As a young man coming of age in the 1870s, Georg Wilhelm witnessed the rapid industrialization of Europe. Drawn by the massive economic expansion and the high demand for skilled German craftsmen in the industrialized Meuse Valley, he made the monumental decision to emigrate from Thuringia to the Kingdom of Belgium.

In Belgium, he established a life in the vibrant city of Louvain. Together with his wife, **Johanne Friederike FISCHER** [G5], a fellow German expatriate from his hometown of Eisfeld, they navigated the challenges of living in a foreign country, celebrating the birth of their son **Johann Joseph Ernst** [G4] on December 16, 1888 [S1]. Tragically, their European dream was short-lived. Following the loss of his wife between 1888 and 1895, Georg Wilhelm was left as a widowed father in a foreign land. He remarried **Jeanne Ernestine BACKERT** [G5], who is believed to be the sister of Johanne Friederike FISCHER [G5] [S2].

On November 8, 1895, Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN passed away in Mount Cesar (*Mont César*) near Louvain at the young age of 47 [S2]. His untimely death probably triggered the return of his orphaned children and the widow HÖLLEIN to Germany, cementing his legacy as the solitary, brave link to the family's Belgian chapter [S1].

EXAMPLE

5.1.c Individual Profile: Johanne Friederike FISCHER [G5]

Category	Verified Historical Data
Full Name	Johanne Friederike FISCHER
Generation	[G5] – Great-Great-Grandmother of the Client
b. and b. in	November 7, 1855 – Eisfeld, Thuringia, Germany
Marriage / in	???
d. and d. in	bet. 1888 – 1895 – Louvain, Belgium
Occupation	???
Residences	Eisfeld (Thuringia, Germany), Louvain (Belgium)
Parents [G6]	Carl August BACKERT and Caroline FISCHER
Spouse(s)	Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN
Evidence	[S1] (Birth 1888), [S2] (Death 1895), [S4] (Birth 1855), [S5] (Marriage 1864)

Johanne Friederike FISCHER [G5] provides a profound look into the complex social and legal realities of 19th-century Germany. Born out of wedlock on November 7, 1855, in Eisfeld, Thuringia, Germany, she was originally registered under her mother's surname, **Caroline FISCHER** [G6] [S4]. On November 6, 1873, shortly before her 18th birthday, an official protocol was added to her birth record: her biological father, **Carl August BACKERT** [G6], who had married her mother on February 9, 1864, formally declared his paternity. This crucial legal acknowledgment successfully finalized her legitimization, officially changing her maiden name from FISCHER to his paternal surname of BACKERT [S4, S5].

Growing up in Eisfeld during the unification era of the German Empire, Johanne Friederike later joined the migration wave to the Kingdom of Belgium, likely traveling alongside or joining **Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN** [G5].

In the industrial hub of Louvain, she managed the household of a German expatriate family, giving birth to her son **Johann Joseph Ernst HÖLLEIN** [G4] on December 16, 1888 [S1]. Her life in Belgium, however, concluded in quiet tragedy. Based on subsequent archival cross-referencing and the timeline of her husband's later civil records, Johanne Friederike passed away between 1888 and 1895 in Louvain, Belgium, when her son was merely a toddler [S2]. Though her time in Belgium was cut short, the discovery of her deep roots in the parish books of Eisfeld successfully anchored this branch of the client's family tree, proving that her ancestral lineage stretches deep into the historical heart of Thuringia.

TGL EXAMPLE

5.1.d Individual Profile: Carl HÖLLEIN [G6]

Category	Verified Historical Data
Full Name	Carl HÖLLEIN
Generation	[G6] – Great-Great-Great-Grandfather of the Client
b. and b. in	???
Marriage / in	aft. 1847
d. and d. in	???
Occupation	Miller
Residences	Eisfeld (Thuringia, Germany)
Parents [G7]	Johann Christian HÖLLEIN and *unknown*
Spouse(s)	Caroline EILHAUER
Evidence	[S2] (Death 1895), [S3] (Birth 1847)

Carl HÖLLEIN [G6] marks the deepest verifiable link for the paternal HÖLLEIN surname within the scope of this investigation. Born in the early 19th century, his youth was undoubtedly shaped by the pre-unification era (*Vormärz*) of Central Germany. In a departure from his father's traditional agricultural background – **Johann Christian HÖLLEIN** [G7] being recorded as an established, independent farmer (Ackermann) – Carl pursued a career as a miller [S3]. By 1847, he was documented as the only living son of Johann Christian [S3].

He and **Caroline EILHAUER** [G6] celebrated the birth of their son **Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN** [G5] on November 29, 1847, but married after this date [S3]. His final years and exact date of death remain currently untraced, forming a classic genealogical "brick wall" for future targeted archive extensions.

TGL EXAMPLE

5.1.e Individual Profile: Caroline EILHAUER [G6]

Category	Verified Historical Data
Full Name	Caroline EILHAUER
Generation	[G6] – Great-Great-Great-Grandmother of the Client
b. and b. in	???
Marriage / in	aft. 1847
d. and d. in	???
Occupation	???
Residences	Eisfeld (Thuringia, Germany)
Parents [G7]	Georg EILHAUER and *unknown*
Spouse(s)	Carl HÖLLEIN
Evidence	[S2] (Death 1895), [S3] (Birth 1847)

Caroline EILHAUER [G6] was at least until 1847 the only daughter of **Georg EILHAUER** [G7], who held the highly respected position of a *Herrenmüller* (a master miller of a prestigious, often manorial or town-owned mill) in Eisfeld, Thuringia, Germany [S3]. While her exact dates of birth and death are currently unknown due to regional archival limitations, her identity was successfully secured due to the birth of her son **Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN** [G5] on November 29, 1847. After this event she married the father of the child, **Carl HÖLLEIN** [G6] [S3].

TGL EXAMPLE

5.1.f Individual Profile: Carl August BACKERT [G6]

Category	Verified Historical Data
Full Name	Carl August BACKERT
Generation	[G6] – Great-Great-Great-Grandfather of the Client
b. and b. in	c. 1832
Marriage / in	February 9, 1864 – Eisfeld, Thuringia, Germany
d. and d. in	???
Occupation	???
Residences	Eisfeld (Thuringia, Germany)
Parents [G7]	*Unknown* and Barbara BECHMANN
Spouse(s)	Caroline FISCHER
Evidence	[S4] (Birth 1855), [S5] (Marriage 1864)

Carl August BACKERT [G6] was born around 1832 in the historic town of Eisfeld, Thuringia, Germany, growing up in a period of intense social restriction within the Duchy of Saxe-Meiningen. His own birth entry reveals a social hurdle of the era, listing his mother as **Barbara BECHMANN** [G7] with the father remaining legally unlisted. His mother was already deceased in 1864 [S5].

Carl August eventually formed a lifelong union with **Caroline FISCHER** [G6]. On November 7, 1855, their daughter **Johanne Friederike FISCHER** [G5] was born [S4], but due to the immense bureaucratic and financial hurdles imposed on laboring-class marriages at the time, Carl August had to wait nearly a decade to officially legitimize his family. On February 9, 1864, he finally solemnized his marriage at the Lutheran parish church of Eisfeld [S5]; however, the official declaration to legally transfer his surname to his daughter was not finalized until November 6, 1873 [S4].

TGL EXAMPLE

5.1.g Individual Profile: Caroline FISCHER [G6]

Category	Verified Historical Data
Full Name	Caroline FISCHER
Generation	[G6] – Great-Great-Great-Grandmother of the Client
b. and b. in	c. 1833
Marriage / in	February 9, 1864 – Eisfeld, Thuringia, Germany
d. and d. in	???
Occupation	???
Residences	Eisfeld (Thuringia, Germany)
Parents [G7]	Johann Jacob FISCHER and Elisabeth Barbara DRESSEL
Spouse(s)	Carl August BACKERT
Evidence	[S4] (Birth 1855), [S5] (Marriage 1864)

Caroline FISCHER [G6] represents the resilient maternal core of the Eisfeld branch. Born around 1833, she was the second daughter of master craftsman and weaver **Jacob FISCHER** [G7] and **Elisabeth Barbara DRESSEL** [G7] [S5]. As a young woman, she navigated the complex social pressures of her community when her daughter, **Johanne Friederike FISCHER** [G5] was born out of wedlock on November 7, 1855 [S4]. At this time Jacob Fischer was already deceased [S4]. Caroline raised her child in Eisfeld and eventually married the father, **Carl August BACKERT** [G6] on February 9, 1864 [S5].

TGL EXAMPLE

5.2 Transcripts and Translations of Five Primary Sources

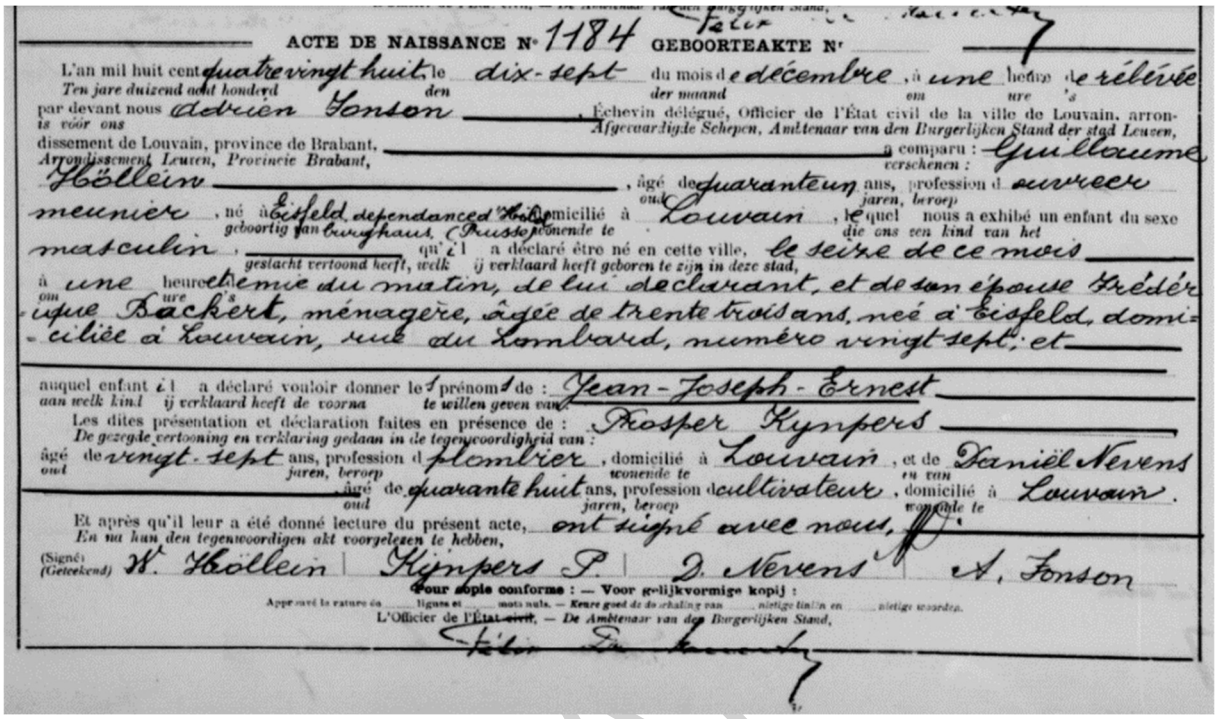
Because original records use archaic German fonts (e.g., *Sütterlin* or *Kurrent*) in non-standardized handwriting, a literal transcript and corresponding English translation are provided to secure exact contextual definitions.

5.2.a Birth Record (1888, Belgium) [S1] – Johann Joseph Ernst HÖLLEIN [G4]

Category	Source Information
Source	**[S1]**
Type of Record	Civil Birth Registry
Sort of Record	Registry Office
Location	Louvain, Belgium
Collection	Birth Records Louvain (1888 – 1890)
Date(s)	December 17, 1888
Page, Entry	page 163, left side, entry 4, No. 1184
Repository	State Archives of Belgium (Archives de l'État en Belgique), Brussels
Access Method	Digitized microfilm via AGATHA Online Portal
Language	French / Flemish (Bilingual Civil Form)
Condition	Legible; minor fading; edge wear noted on original spine
Found	August 26, 2026
Names	◆ Johann Joseph Ernst HÖLLEIN [G4] (born) Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] (father) Johanne Friederike FISCHER legitimized as BACKERT [G5] (mother) Prosper KYNPERS (witness) Daniël NEVENS (witness)
Comments	Parts marked with "[ur]" were unreadable due to the age of the record and the handwriting of the officiant.

SAMPLE

Original Scan [S1]



ACTE DE NAISSANCE N° 1184 GEBOORTEAKTE Nr

L'an mil huit cent quatrevingt huit, le dix-sept du mois de décembre, à une heure de rélévée
Ten jare duizend acht honderd den der maand em ure 's
par devant nous Adrien Jonson. Échevin délégué, Officier de l'État civil de la ville de Louvain, arron-
is vóór ons Afgecaardigde Schepen, Amttenaar van den Burgerlijken Stand der stad Leuven,
dissement de Louvain, province de Brabant, a comparu: Guilloume
Arrondissement Leuven, Provincie Brabant, verschenen:
Höllein, âgé de quarante un ans, profession d aureer
oud jaren, beroep
meunier, né à Eisfeld, dependanced Hildburghaus. (Prusse) domicilié à Louvain, le quel nous a exhibé un enfant du sexe
geboortig van wonende te die ons een kind van het
masculin, qu'il a déclaré être né en cette ville, le seize de ce mois
gestacht vertoond heeft, welk ij verklaard heeft geboren te zijn in deze stad,
à une heure du matin, de lui déclarant, et de son épouse Frédérique Backert, ménagère, âgée de trente trois ans, née à Eisfeld, domiciliée à Louvain, rue du Lombard, numéro vingt sept, et
om ure 's wonende te
auquel enfant il a déclaré vouloir donner le prénom de: Jean-Joseph-Ernest
aan welk kind ij verklaard heeft de voorna te willen geven van
Les dites présentation et déclaration faites en présence de: Kasper Kympers
De gezegde vertooning en verklaring gedaan in de tegenwoordigheid van:
âgé de vingt-sept ans, profession d plombier, domicilié à Louvain, et de Daniël Nevens
oud jaren, beroep wonende te en van
âgé de quarante huit ans, profession d cultivateur, domicilié à Louvain.
oud jaren, beroep wonende te
Et après qu'il leur a été donné lecture du présent acte, ont signé avec nous,
En na hun den tegenwoordigen akt voorgelezen te hebben,
(Signé) (Geteekend) W. Höllein | Kympers P. | D. Nevens | A. Fonson

Pour copie conforme : — Voor gelijkvormige kopij :
Approuvé la rature de lignes et mots nuls. — Keure goed de doorhaling van nietige linïën en nietige woorden.
L'Officier de l'État civil, — De Amtenaar van den Burgerlijken Stand,

Literal Transcription [S1]

ACTE DE NAISSANCE N° 1184 GEBOORTEAKTE Nr

L'an mil huit cent quatre vingt huit, le dix-sept du mois de décembre, á une heure de rélévée

Ten jare duizend acht honderd den der maand em ure 's

par devant nous Adrien Jonson. Échevin délégué, Officier de l'État civil de la ville de Louvain, arron-

is vóór ons Afgecaardigde Schepen, Amttenaar van den Burgerlijken Stand der stad Leuven,

dissement de Louvain, province de Brabant, a comparu: Guilloume

Arrondissement Leuven, Provincie Brabant, verschenen:

Höllein, âgé de quarante un ans, profession d aureer

oud jaren, beroep

meunier, né à Eisfeld, dependanced Hildburghaus. (Prusse) domicilié à Louvain, le quel nous a exhibé un enfant du sexe

geboortig van wonende te die ons een kind van het

TO EXAM

masculin, qu'il a declaré être né en cette ville, le seize de ce mois

gestacht vertoond heeft, welk ij verklaard heeft geboren te zijn in deze stad,

à une heure et demie du matin, de lui declarant, et de son épouse Frédér

om ure 's

-ique Backert, ménagere, âgée de trente trois ans. neé à Eisfeld, domi-

-ciliée à Louvain, rue du Lombard, numéro vingt sept; et

auquel enfant il a déclaré vouloir donner les prénoms de: Jean-Joseph-Ernest

aan welk kind ij verklaard heeft de voorna te willen geven van:

Les dites présentation et déclaration faites en présence de: Prosper Kynpers

De gezegde vertooning en verklaring gedaan in de tegenucoordigheid van:

âgé de vingt-sept ans, profession d plombier, domicilié à Louvain, et de Daniël Nevens

oud jaren, beroep wonende te en van

âgé de quarante huit ans, profession d cultivateur, domicilié à Louvain.

oud jaren, beroep wonende te

Et après qu'il leur a été donné lecture du present acte, ont signé avec nous

En na hun den tegenwoordigen akt voorgelezen te hebben,

(Signé) W. Höllein Kynpers P. D. Nevens A. Jonson

(Geteekend)

Pour copie conforme: – Voor gelijkvormige kopij:

Approuvé la rature da lignes et mots nuls. – Keure goed de doorhaling van nietige liniën en nietige woorden.

L'Officier de l'État civil, – De Ambtenaar van des Burgerlijken Stand,

[ur]

TGL EXAMPLE

Translation (English) [S1]

BIRTH CERTIFICATE No. 1184

In the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight, on the seventeenth day of December, at one o'clock
before us, Adrien JONSON, deputy alderman and civil registrar of the City of Louvain, Louvain District, Province of Brabant, the following appeared: Wilhelm HÖLLEIN, aged forty-one, occupation: miller,
born in Eisfeld, a dependency of Hildburghausen (Prussia), residing in Louvain, who presented to us a male child,
whom he declared that it was born in this city on the sixteenth of this month at half past one in the afternoon, to him as the father and to his wife Frieder-ike BACKERT, housewife, aged thirty-three, born in Eisfeld, residing in Louvain, Rue du Lombard, number twenty-seven; and

to whom he declared he wished to give the first names: Johann Joseph Ernst.
The aforementioned presentation and declaration took place in the presence of Prosper KYNPERS,
aged twenty-seven, occupation: plumber, residing in Louvain, and Daniël NEVENS, aged forty-eight, occupation: farmer, residing in Louvain.

And after this document was read aloud to them, they signed it with us.
(Signature) W. HÖLLEIN KYNPERS P. D. NEVENS A. JONSON

Certified true copy:
Approved the deletion of lines and invalid words.
The Registrar,
[ur]

TGL EXAMPLE

Genealogist's Notes [S1]

Since Belgium was linguistically mixed and French was the official administrative language of government at the time, the record is given in both, French and Flemish.

The child was born on December 16 at 1.30 PM, and Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] appeared at the registry office less than 12 hours later, on December 17 at 1.00 PM. This rapid registration was common due to strict legal requirements regarding the declaration of newborns.

The Belgian civil registrar listed his birthplace of Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] as "Hildburghausen (Prussia)". This is a common administrative error made by foreign clerks after the 1871 German Unification, simplifying his true sovereignty of birth, the Duchy of Saxe-Meiningen, to the dominant power of Prussia. [S3] [H1]

The family's residence is listed as *Rue du Lombard* 27. This historical street (known in Dutch as Lombardstraat) is located in the old heart of Louvain, close to the historic market square. In the late 19th century, this area was densely populated by local craftsmen, laborers, and tradespeople. [H2]

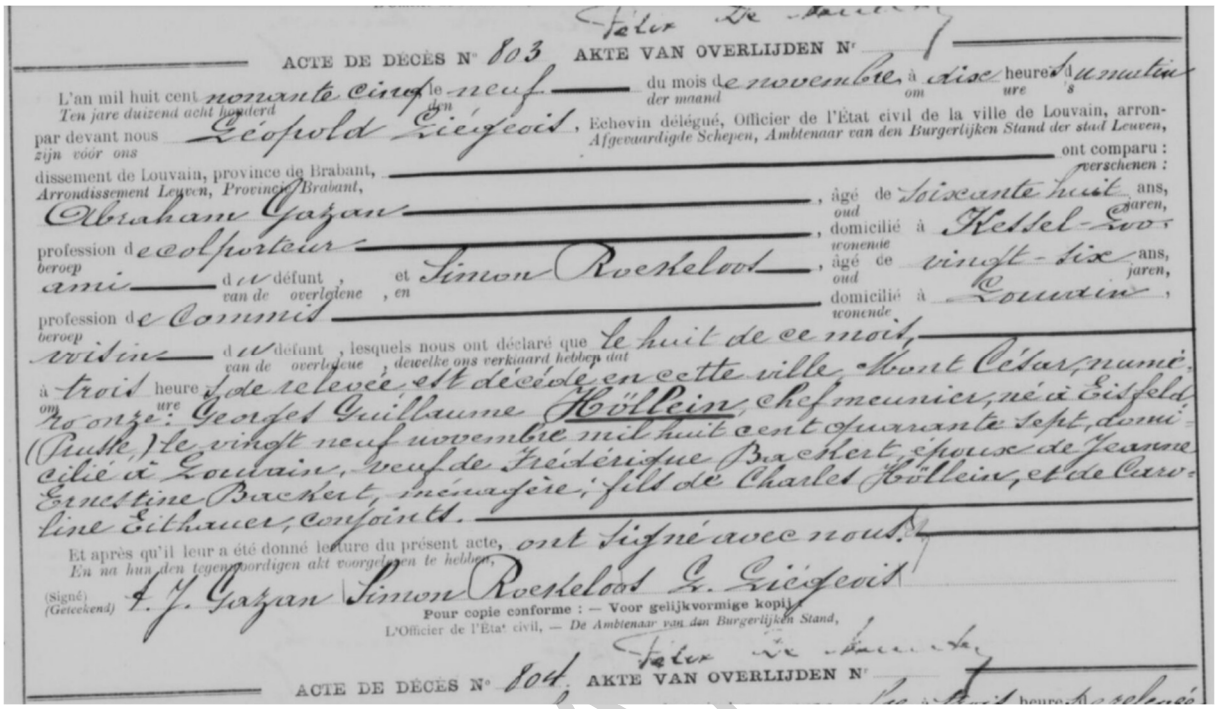
TGL EXAMPLE

5.2.b Death Record (1895, Belgium) [S2] – Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5]

Category	Source Information
Source	**[S2]**
Type of Record	Civil Death Registry
Sort of Record	Registry Office
Location	Louvain, Belgium
Collection	Death Records Louvain (1891 – 1897)
Date(s)	November 9, 1895
Page, Entry	page 574, right side, entry 3, No. 803
Repository	State Archives of Belgium (Archives de l'État en Belgique), Brussels
Access Method	Digitized microfilm via AGATHA Online Portal
Language	French / Flemish (Bilingual Civil Form)
Condition	Legible; minor fading; edge wear noted on original spine
Found	August 26, 2026
Names	◆ Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] (died) Leopold LIÈGEOIS (registrar) Abraham GAZAN (witness) Simon ROEKELOOS (witness) Johanne Friederike FISCHER legitimized as BACKERT [G5] (first wife, deceased) Jeanne Ernestine BACKERT [G5] (second wife) Carl HÖLLEIN [G6] (father) Caroline EILHAUER [G6] (mother)
Comments	Parts marked with "[ur]" were unreadable due to the age of the record and the handwriting of the officiant.

TOE EXAMPLE

Original Scan [S2]



ACTE DE DÉCÈS N° 803 AKTE VAN OVERLIJDEN N^r

L'an mil huit cent nonante cinq le neuf du mois de novembre à dix heures du matin
Ten jare duizend acht honderd den der maand om ure 's
par devant nous Léopold Liégeois, Echevin délégué, Officier de l'État civil de la ville de Louvain, arron-
zijn vóór ons Afgevaardigde Schepen, Ambtenaar van den Burgerlijken Stand der stad Leuven,
dissement de Louvain, province de Brabant, ont comparu :
Arrondissement Leuven, Provincie Brabant, verschenen :
Abraham Gazan, âgé de soixante huit ans,
oud jaren,
profession de colporteur, domicilié à Kessel-Luo,
beroep wonende
ami du défunt, et Simon Roekeloos, âgé de vingt-six ans,
van de overledene, en oud jaren,
profession de Commis domicilié à Louvain,
beroep wonende
voisin du défunt, lesquels nous ont déclaré que le huit de ce mois,
van de overledene, dewelke ons verklaard hebben dat
à trois heures de relevée est décédé en cette ville, Mont César, numéro onze : Georges Guillaume Höllein, chef meunier, né à Eisfeld (Prusse), le vingt neuf novembre mil huit cent quarante sept, domicilié à Louvain, veuf de Frédérique Backert, époux de Jeanne Ernestine Backert, ménagère ; fils de Charles Höllein, et de Caroline Eithauer, conjoints.
Et après qu'il leur a été donné lecture du présent acte, ont signé avec nous.
En na hun den tegenwoordigen akt voorgelezen te hebben,
(Signé) (Geteekend) A. J. Gazan Simon Roekeloos L. Liégeois
Pour copie conforme : — Voor gelijkvormige kopij,
L'Officier de l'État civil, — *De Ambtenaar van den Burgerlijken Stand,*

ACTE DE DÉCÈS N° 804 AKTE VAN OVERLIJDEN N^r

Literal Transcription [S2]

ACTE DE DÉCÉS N° 803 AKTE VAN OVERLIJDEN N^r

L'an mil huit cent nonante cinq le neuf du mois de novembre à dix heures du matin
Ten jare duizend acht honderd den der maand om ure 's
par devant nous Léopold Liégeois, Echevin délégué, Officier de l'État civil de la ville de Louvain, arron-
zijn vóór ons Afgevaardigde Schepen, Ambtenaar van den Burgerlijken Stand der stad Leuven,
dissement de Louvain, province de Brabant, ont comparu:
Arrondissement Leuven, Provincie Brabant, verschenen:
Abraham Gazan, âgé de soixante huit ans,
oud jaren,
profession de colporteur, domicilié à Kessel-Luo,
beroep wonende

TGL EXAM

SAMPLE REPORT – SENSITIVE CLIENT DATA ALTERED FOR PRIVACY

ami du défunt, et Simon Roekeloos, âgé de vingt-six ans,
van de overledene, en oud jaren,
profession de Commis, domicilié à Louvain,
beroep wonende
voisin du défant, lesquels nous ont déclaré que le huit de ce mois,
van de overledeue, dewelke ons verklaard hebben dat
à trois heure sole relevée est décéolé en cette ville Mont César, numé
om ure
[ur] onze: Georges Guillaume Höllein, chef meunier, né à Eisfeld (Prusse) le vingt neuf novembre mil huit cent quarante sept, domicilié à Louvain, veuf de Frédérique Backert, époux de Jeanne Ernestine Backert, ménagere; fils de Charles Höllein, et de Caroline Eilhauer, conjoints.

Et après qu'il leur a été donné leature du présent acte, ont signé avec nous.
En na hun den tegenwoordigen akt voorgelesen te hebben,
(Signé) T. J. Gazan Simon Roekeloos L. Liégeois
(Geteekend)

Pour copie conforme: – Voor gelijkvormige kopij:
L'Officier de l'État civil, – *De Amblenaar van den Burgerlijken Stand*,
[ur]

TGL EXAMPLE

Translation (English) [S2]

DEATH CERTIFICATE No. 803

In the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, on the ninth day of November at ten o'clock in the morning,
before us, Leopold LIÉGEOIS, deputy alderman and civil registrar of the City of Louvain,
Louvain district, Province of Brabant, the following appeared:
Abraham GAZAN, aged sixty-eight,
occupation: peddler, residing in Kessel-Luo,
a friend of the deceased, and Simon ROEKELOOS, aged twenty-six,

SAMPLE REPORT – SENSITIVE CLIENT DATA ALTERED FOR PRIVACY

occupation: merchant's clerk, residing in Louvain,
neighbor of the deceased, who have declared to us that on the eighth of this month, at three o'clock in the afternoon in the city of Mount Cesar, at number [ur] eleven: Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN, master miller, born in Eisfeld (Prussia) on the twenty-ninth of November one thousand eight hundred forty-seven, residing in Louvain, widower of Friederike BACKERT, husband of Jeanne Ernestine BACKERT, a housewife; son of Carl HÖLLEIN und Caroline EILHAUER, spouses.

And after this document was read aloud to them, they signed it with us.
(Signature) T. J. GAZAN Simon ROEKELOOS L. LIÉGEOIS

Certified true copy:
The Registrar,
[ur]

Genealogist's Notes [S2]

Since Belgium was linguistically mixed and French was the official administrative language of government at the time, the record is given in both, French and Flemish.

"Mount Cesar" (*Mont César*) refers to the historical hill in the northern part of Louvain. At the end of the 19th century, it was the location of a prominent city hospital and hospice facility (Hôpital Saint-Pieter) right below the hill. [H3] This indicates that Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] likely passed away in a medical or care facility rather than at home.

This document explicitly confirms that Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] remarried following the death of his first wife, Johanne Friederike BACKERT [G5]. His second spouse is recorded as Jeanne Ernestine BACKERT [G5]. Notably, she shared the exact same maiden name as Johanne Friederike, which strongly suggests a close familial relationship – most likely the two women were sisters.

The Belgian civil registrar listed his birthplace as "Eisfeld (Prussia)". This is a common administrative error made by foreign clerks after the 1871 German Unification, simplifying his true sovereignty of birth, the Duchy of Saxe-Meiningen, to the dominant power of Prussia. [S3] [H1]

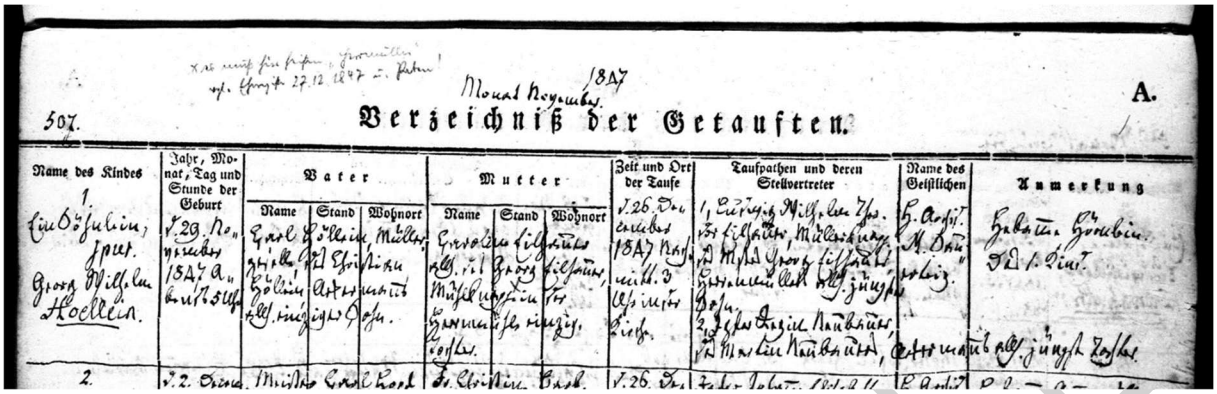
TGL EXAMPLE

5.2.c Birth Record (1847, Germany) [S3] – Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5]

Category	Source Information
Source	**[S3]**
Type of Record	Baptism Record
Sort of Record	Church Book
Location	Eisfeld, Thuringia, Germany
Collection	Baptism Records Eisfeld (1825 – 1850)
Date(s)	b. November 29, 1847 bapt. December 26, 1847
Page, Entry	picture 259, row 1
Repository	The Regional Church Archive of the Protestant Church in Central Germany, Eisenach Branch
Access Method	Digitized via Archion
Language	German
Condition	Legible; minor fading at the edges
Found	August 27, 2026
Names	◆ Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] (born) Carl HÖLLEIN [G6] (father) Christian HÖLLEIN [G7] (paternal grandfather) Caroline EILHAUER [G6] (mother) Georg EILHAUER [G7] (maternal grandfather) Ludwig Wilhelm [ur] (godfather) Georg EILHAUER (father of godfather) Regin NEUBAUER (godmother) Martin NEUBAUER (father of godmother) M. [ur] (officiant) ??? HÖRNLEIN (midwife)
Comments	Parts marked with "[ur]" were unreadable due to the age of the record and the handwriting of the officiant.

SAMPLE

Original Scan [S3]

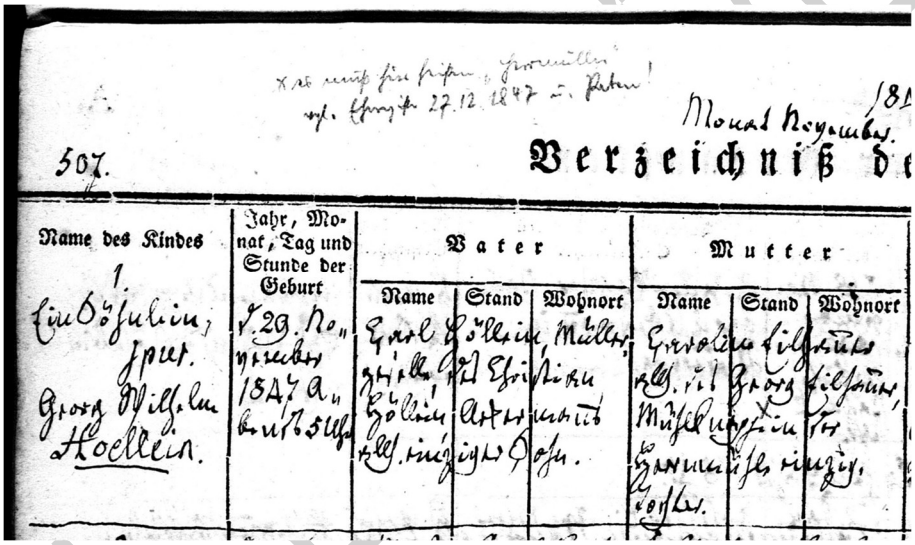


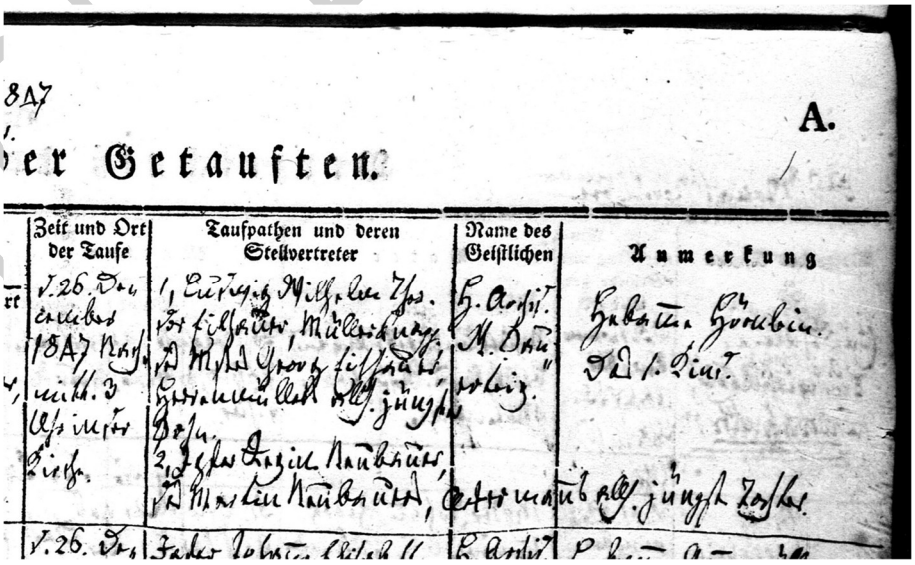
Monat November 1847

507. **Verzeichniß der Getauften.** A.

Name des Kindes	Jahr, Monat, Tag und Stunde der Geburt	Vater: Name	Vater: Stand	Vater: Wohnort	Mutter: Name	Mutter: Stand	Mutter: Wohnort	Zeit und Ort der Taufe	Taufpathen und deren Stellvertreter	Name des Geistlichen	Anmerkung
1. Ein Söhnlein, spur. Georg Wilhelm Hoellein.	d. 29. November 1847 Abends 5 Uhr	Carl Höllein, Müller, Gesellschafter des Christian Höllein Ackermanns alles einziger Sohn.			Carolina Eilhauer alles des Georg Eilhauer, Mühlknappen der Herrnmühle einzige Tochter.			d. 26. December 1847 Nachmitt. 3 Uhr in der Kirche.	1, Ludwig Wilhelm Thor. Dr. Eilhauer, Müllerknapp des Mstes Georg Eilhauer, Herrnmüllers alles jüngster Sohn. 2, Ignatz Regin Neubauer, des Martin Neubauers, Ackermanns alles jüngste Tochter.	H. Archit. M. Bauerteiz.	Hebamme Hörnbein. Das 1. Kind.
2.	d. 2. Decem.	Meister Carl Lord			Fr. Christian Carl			d. 26. Dec.	Jacob Johann Elisabeth	H. Archit.	[illegible]

Zoom:





SAMPLE REPORT – SENSITIVE CLIENT DATA ALTERED FOR PRIVACY

Literal Transcription [S3]

Titel	Verzeichnis der Getauften.
1. Spalte	**Name des Kindes:** Ein Söhnlein, Spur. Georg Wilhelm Hoellein.
2. Spalte	**Jahr, Monat, Tag und Stunde der Geburt:** d. 29. November 1847 abends 5 Uhr.
3. Spalte	**Vater (Name / Stand / Wohnort):** Carl Höllein, Müllergeselle, des Christian Höllein Ackermanns allh. einziger Sohn.
4. Spalte	**Mutter (Name / Stand / Wohnort):** Caroline Eilhauer allh. des Georg Eilhauer Mühll[ur] der Herrenmühle einzig. Tochter.
5. Spalte	**Zeit und Ort der Taufe:** d. 26. December 1847 Nachmitt. 3 Uhr in der Kirche.
6. Spalte	**Taufpathen und deren Stellvertreter:** 1) Ludwig Wilhelm [ur] der Eilhauer, Müller[ur] des Mstr Georg Eilhauers Herrenmüller allh. jüngster Sohn. 2) Jgfr Regin Neubauer, des Martin Neubauers, Ackermann allh. jüngste Tochter.
7. Spalte	**Name des Geistlichen:** H. Archid. M. [ur]
8. Spalte	**Anmerkung:** Hebamme Hörnlein. Das 1. Kind.

Translation (English) [S3]

Title	Record of Baptisms
1st Column	**Name of the Child:** A little son, born out of wedlock: Georg Wilhelm HOELLEIN
2nd Column	**Year, Month, Day and Hour of Birth:** November 29, 1847, at 5 o'clock in the evening
3rd Column	**Father (Name / Status / Residence):** Carl HÖLLEIN, journeyman miller, only son of Johann Christian HÖLLEIN, independent farmer of this place
4th Column	**Mother (Name / Status / Residence):** Caroline EILHAUER of this place, only daughter of Georg EILHAUER, master miller of the manorial town mill.
5th Column	**Date and Place of Baptism:** December 26, 1847, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, in the church.

TGL EXAMPLE

6th Column **Godparents and their Substitutes:** 1) Ludwig Wilhelm [ur] EILHAUER, journeyman miller, youngest son of Master Georg EILHAUER, master miller of the manorial mill of this place. 2) Miss Regin NEUBAUER, youngest daughter of Martin NEUBAUER, independent farmer of this place.

7th Column **Name of the Officiant:** Archdeacon M. [ur]

8th Column **Notes:** Midwife HÖRNLEIN. The 1st child.

Genealogist's Notes [S3]

"*Spur.*" stands for the Latin term "*spurius*" (masculine) or "*spuria*" (feminine), which translates to "illegitimate" or "born out of wedlock". In historical parish registers, pastors frequently used this term to denote a child whose parents were not married at the time of birth.

Located on the outskirts of Eisfeld's historical town center along the Werra River, the *Herrenmühle* (literally translated as the "Lord's Mill" or "Master's Mill") was one of the traditional, centuries-old watermills of the region. The mill provided essential grinding and milling infrastructure for local grains. For generations, the operation of such a prominent local enterprise required highly specialized craftsmanship. [H4] [H5] Georg EILHAUER's designation as a Master Miller (*Herrenmüller*) implies that he either managed, owned, or held a senior technical position.

The term "of this place" (*allh. = allhier*) simply means "here". In parish registers, it indicates that the person was a native or long-term resident of that specific parish and had not moved there from a neighboring town.

A "archdeacon" (*Archid. = Archidiacon*) is a senior clerical official in the church hierarchy who ranked just below the bishop, primarily responsible for the administrative and financial affairs of a diocese or district.

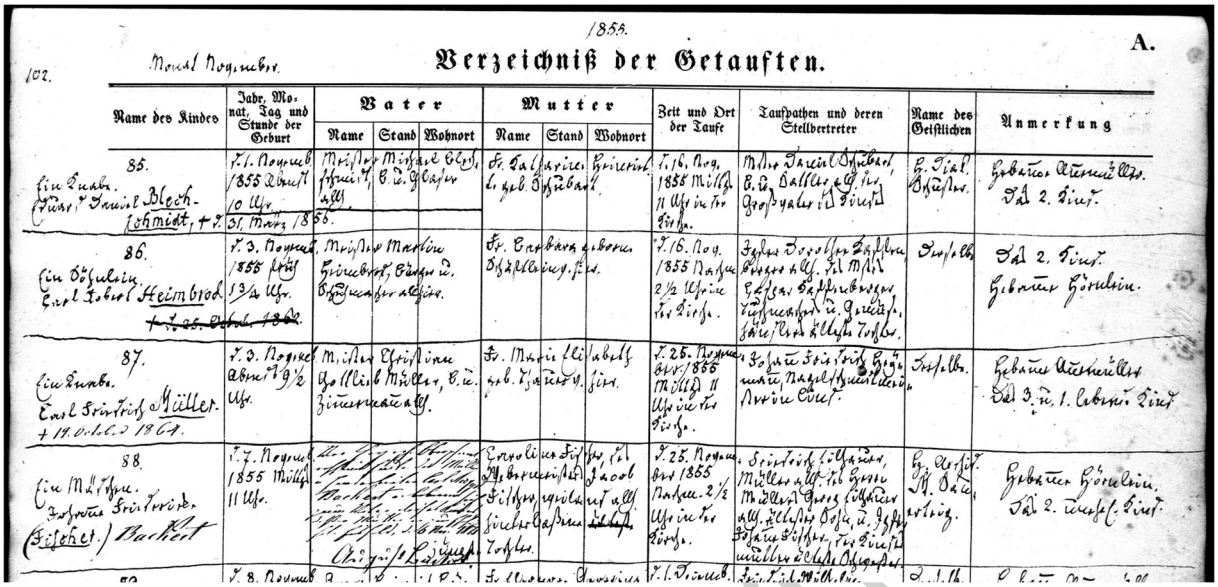
TGL EXAMPLE

5.2.d Birth Record (1855, Germany) [S4] – Johanne Friederike FISCHER [G5]

Category	Source Information
Source	**[S4]**
Type of Record	Baptism Record
Sort of Record	Church Book
Location	Eisfeld, Thuringia, Germany
Collection	Baptism Records Eisfeld (1851 – 1872)
Date(s)	b. November 7, 1855 bapt. November 25, 1855
Page, Entry	picture 55, left side, row 4
Repository	The Regional Church Archive of the Protestant Church in Central Germany, Eisenach Branch
Access Method	Digitized via Archion
Language	German
Condition	Legible; minor fading at the edges
Found	August 28, 2026
Names	◆ Johanne Friederike FISCHER legitimized as BACKERT [G5] (born) Carl August BACKERT [G6] (father) Caroline FISCHER [G6] (mother) Jacob FISCHER [G7] (maternal grandfather) Friedrich EILHAUER (godfather) Georg EILHAUER (father of godfather) Johanna FISCHER (godmother, sister of mother) M. [ur] (officiant) ??? HÖRNLEIN (midwife)
Comments	Parts marked with "[ur]" were unreadable due to the age of the record and the handwriting of the officiant.

SAMPLE

Original Scan [S4]



1855.

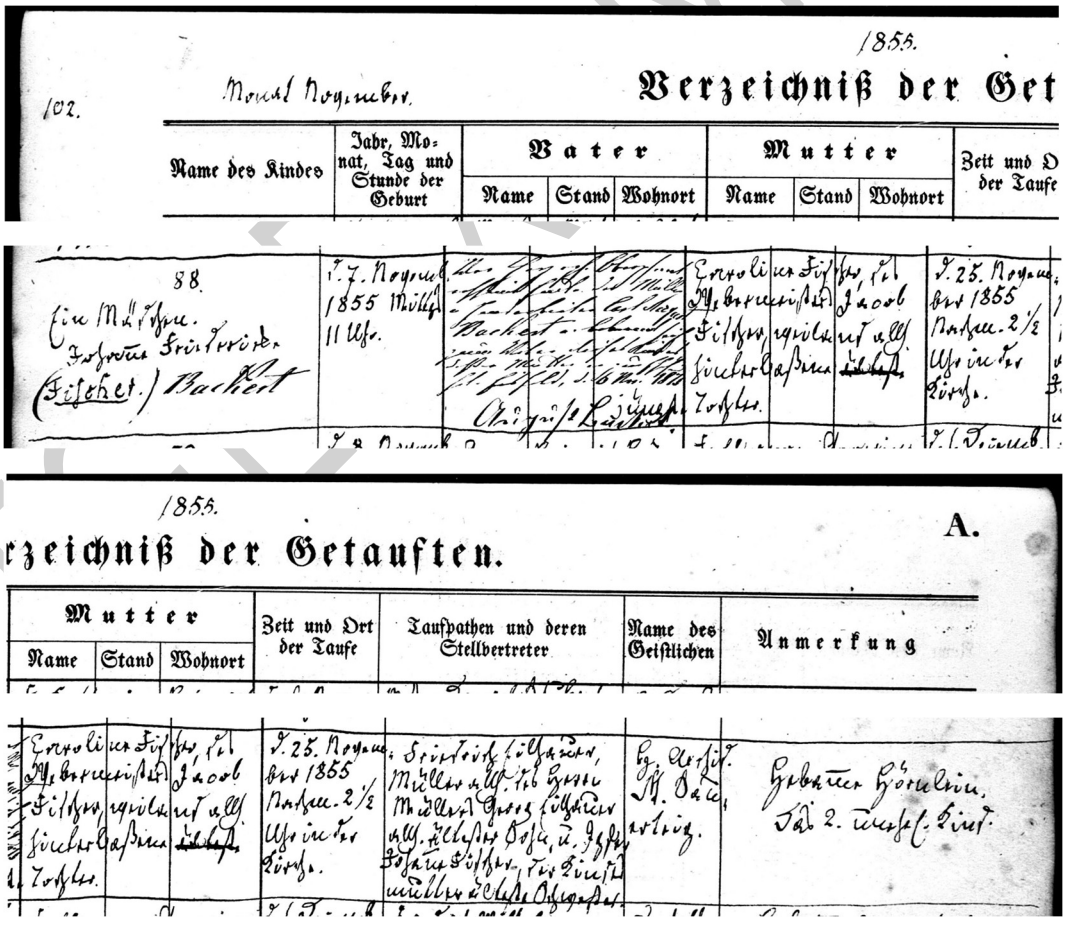
A.

102. Monat Novembr.

Verzeichniß der Getauften.

Name des Kindes	Jahr, Monat, Tag und Stunde der Geburt	Vater: Name	Vater: Stand	Vater: Wohnort	Mutter: Name	Mutter: Stand	Mutter: Wohnort	Zeit und Ort der Taufe	Taufpathen und deren Stellvertreter	Name des Geistlichen	Anmerkung
85. Ein Knabe. Ernst Daniel Blech- schmidt, † 31. März 1856.	d. 1. Novemb. 1855 Abends 10 Uhr	Moritz Ehrenfried	Müller	Hainewalde	Joh. Christiane geb. Schubert			d. 16. Nov. 1855 Mittag 11 Uhr in der Kirche.	Mstr. Daniel Schubert, B. u. Ballier, Gutsbes. in Großpaulsdorf bei Finsterwalde.	H. Diak. Schreiber.	Geburter Arbeitsmann Nr. Hs. 2. Dienst.
86. Ein Söhnlein. Ernst Robert Heimbrod † d. 25. Febr. 1856.	d. 3. Novemb. 1855 früh 1¾ Uhr.	Moritz Martin	Häuslers, Bäckers u. Schneiders	allhier.	Joh. Caroline geborne Schallenberg.			d. 16. Nov. 1855 Nachm. 2½ Uhr in der Kirche.	Johann Daniel Schubert, Bürger u. Häusler allhier, Gevatter Friedrich Wilhelm Heimbrod, Häusler und Gerichtsschöppe allhier, Pate und Wilhelm Tochter.	Derselbe.	Hs. 2. Dienst. Gebauter Höllein.
87. Ein Knabe. Ernst Friedrich Müller. † 19. Oct. 1864.	d. 3. Novemb. 1855 Abends 9½ Uhr.	Moritz Christian	Müller,	Zimmermann allh.	Joh. Marie Elisabeth geb. Richter			d. 25. Novemb. 1855 Mittag 11 Uhr in der Kirche.	Johann Friedrich Hegewald, Nagelschmied allhier.	Derselbe.	Gebauter Arbeitsmann Hs. 3. n. 1. Laborer Dienst.
88. Ein Mädchen. Johanne Friederike. (Eisehet.) Backert	d. 7. Novemb. 1855 Mittag 11 Uhr.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Caroline Christiane Albertine geb. Fischer, Friedrich Jacob Fischers, Häuslers und Leinewebers allh. Tochter.			d. 25. Novemb. 1855 Nachm. 2½ Uhr in der Kirche.	Friedrich Hillmann, Müller allh. des Herrn Müllers Georg Hillmann allh. Gelassen Pate, u. Johanne Christiane Fischer, des Friedrich Müllers allh. Ehefrau.	H. Archid. M. Dale.	Gebauter Höllein. Hs. 2. unehel. Dienst.

Zoom:



SAMPLE REPORT – SENSITIVE CLIENT DATA ALTERED FOR PRIVACY

Literal Transcription [S4]

Titel	Verzeichnis der Getauften.
1. Spalte	**Name des Kindes:** 88. Ein Mädchen. Johanne Friedericke. (FISCHER.) BACKERT
2. Spalte	**Jahr, Monat, Tag und Stunde der Geburt:** d. 7. Novemb. 1855 Mittags 11 Uhr.
3. Spalte	**Vater (Name / Stand / Wohnort):** Vor hies ersh. Oberpfarat erschien heute der Müller u Handarbeiter Carl August BACKERT bekennt sich zum Vater dieses Kindes dessen Mutter er zur Ehefr hat. Eisfeld, d. 6 Nov. 1873 unehl. August BACKERT.
4. Spalte	**Mutter (Name / Stand / Wohnort):** Caroline FISCHER, das 24. Webermeisters Jacob FISCHER, weiland allh. hinterlaßene Tochter.
5. Spalte	**Zeit und Ort der Taufe:** d. 25. November 1855 Nachm. 2 ½ Uhr in der Kirche.
6. Spalte	**Taufpathen und deren Stellvertreter:** Friedrich EILHAUER, Müller allh. des Herrnmüllers Georg EILHAUER allh. ältester Sohn, u. Jgfr. Johanna FISCHER, der Kindesmutter älteste Schwester.
7. Spalte	**Name des Geistlichen:** H. Archid. M. [ur]
8. Spalte	**Anmerkung:** Hebam̃e HÖRNLEIN. Das 2. unehel. Kind.

Translation (English) [S4]

Title	Record of Baptisms
1st Column	**Name of the Child:** No. 88 A little girl: Johanne Friederike (FISCHER) BACKERT
2nd Column	**Year, Month, Day and Hour of Birth:** November 7, 1855, 11 o'clock in the morning.
3rd Column	**Father (Name / Status / Residence):** Before the local, convened Church Council of the Chief Pastor, appeared today the miller and manual laborer Carl August BACKERT, declaring himself to be the father of this child, whose mother he has taken as his lawful wife. Eisfeld, November 6, 1873. Illegitimate August BACKERT.
4th Column	**Mother (Name / Status / Residence):** Caroline FISCHER, daughter of the late master weaver Jacob FISCHER of this place.

TGL EXAMPLE

5th Column **Date and Place of Baptism:** November 25, 1855, at 2.30 in the afternoon, in the church.

6th Column **Godparents and their Substitutes:** Friedrich EILHAUER, miller of this place, eldest son of Master Georg EILHAUER, master miller of the manorial town mill, and Miss Johanna FISCHER, eldest sister of the child's mother.

7th Column **Name of the Officiant:** Archdeacon M. [ur]

8th Column **Notes:** Midwife HÖRNLEIN. The 2nd illegitimate child.

Genealogist's Notes [S4]

Indicated by both the distinct handwriting and the date November 6, 1873, the 3rd column was added at a later date. It is highly probable that the alteration of the child's surname to "*(Fischer) Backert*" occurred around this time, coinciding with the marriage of Carl August BACKERT [G6] and Caroline FISCHER [G6], the mother of the child. Since the phrase "*unehl. August Backert*" (illegitimate August BACKERT) was recorded in the entry's original handwriting, it strongly suggests that he was not merely legitimizing Johanne Friederike through his subsequent marriage, but was indeed her biological father.

Located on the outskirts of Eisfeld's historical town center along the Werra River, the *Herrenmühle* (literally translated as the "Lord's Mill" or "Master's Mill") was one of the traditional, centuries-old watermills of the region. The mill provided essential grinding and milling infrastructure for local grains. For generations, the operation of such a prominent local enterprise required highly specialized craftsmanship. [H3] [H4] Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN's designation as a Master Miller (*Herrenmüller*) implies that he either managed, owned, or held a senior technical position.

The term "of this place" (*allhier*) simply means "here". In parish registers, it indicates that the person was a native or long-term resident of that specific parish and hat not moved there from a neighboring town.

A "archdeacon" (*Archidiacons*) is a senior clerical official in the church hierarchy who ranked just below the bishop, primarily responsible for the administrative and financial affairs of a diocese or district.

The straight horizontal bar placed over the letter "m" ("*m̄*") in "*Hebam̄e*" (midwife) is a traditional scribal abbreviation known as a *Kürzungsstrich* (macron). In old German handwritings, such as *Kurrent* and *Sütterlin*, pastors and clerks used this shorthand technique to indicate a doubled consonant (*mm*, *Hebamme*). This practical convention saved both ink and space on the valuable paper of historical parish registers.

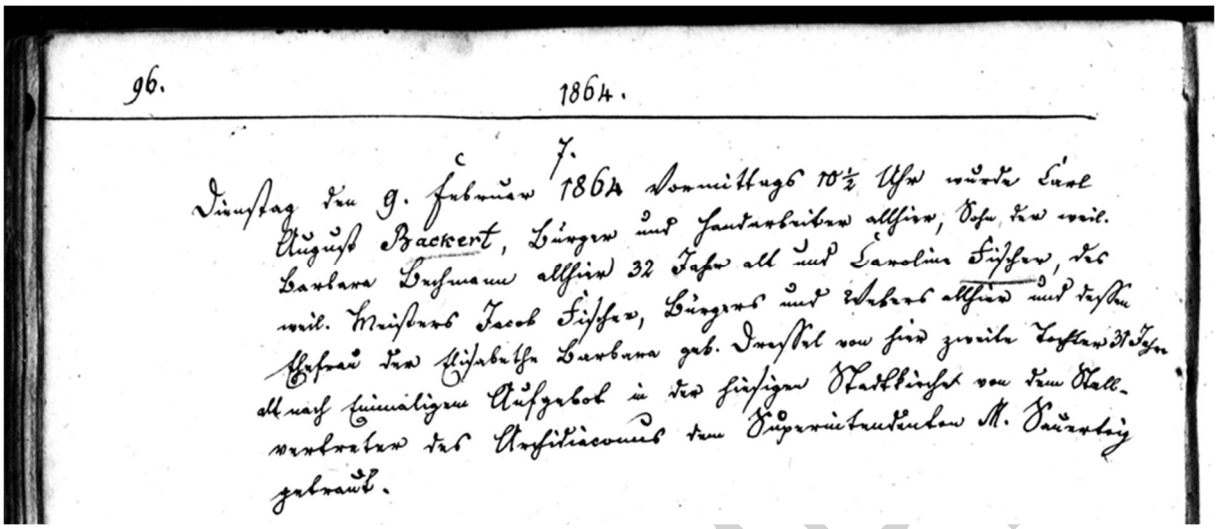
TGL EXAMPLE

5.2.e Marriage Record (1864, Germany) [S5] – Carl August BACKERT [G6] and Caroline FISCHER [G6]

Category	Source Information
Source	**[S5]**
Type of Record	Marriage Record
Sort of Record	Church Book
Location	Eisfeld, Thuringia, Germany
Collection	Baptism, Marriage Records Eisfeld (1806 – 1865)
Date(s)	m. February 9, 1864
Page, Entry	picture 106, left side, entry 1
Repository	The Regional Church Archive of the Protestant Church in Central Germany, Eisenach Branch
Access Method	Digitized via Archion
Language	German
Condition	Legible; minor fading at the edges
Found	August 28, 2026
Names	◆ Carl August BACKERT [G6] (husband) Barbara BECHMANN [G7] (mother of husband) ◆ Caroline FISCHER [G6] (wife) Jacob FISCHER [G7] (father of wife) Elisabeth Barbara DRESSEL [G7] (mother of wife) M. SAUERTEIG (officiant)
Comments	Parts marked with "[ur]" were unreadable due to the age of the record and the handwriting of the officiant.

TGL EXAMPLE

Original Scan [S5]



96. 1864.

7.

Dienstag den 9. Februar 1864 Vormittags 10 ½ Uhr wurde Carl August Backert, Bürger und Handarbeiter allhier, Sohn der weil. Barbara Bechmann allhier 32 Jahr alt und Caroline Fischer, des weil. Meisters Jacob Fischer, Bürgers und Webers allhier und dessen Ehefrau der Elisabethe Barbara geb. Dressel von hier zweite Tochter 31 Jahre alt nach einmaligem Aufgebot in der hiesigen Stadtkirche von dem Stellvertreter des Archidiacons dem Superintendanten M. Sauerteig getraut.

Literal Transcription [S5]

1864.

7.

Dienstag den 9. Februar 1864 Vormittags 10 ½ Uhr wurde Carl August Backert, Bürger und Handarbeiter allhier, Sohn der weil. Barbara Bechmann allhier 32 Jahr alt und Caroline Fischer, des weil. Meisters Jacob Fischer, Bürgers und Webers allhier und dessen Ehefrau der Elisabethe Barbara geb. Dressel von hier zweite Tochter 31 Jahre alt nach einmaligem Aufgebot in der hiesigen Stadtkirche von dem Stellvertreter des Archidiacons dem Superintendanten M. Sauerteig getraut.

TGL EXAMP

Translation (English) [S5]

1864.

7.

On Tuesday, February 9, 1864, at 10.30 a.m., Carl

August BACKERT, a citizen and manual laborer of this place, son of the late Barbara BECHMANN of this place, 32 years old and Caroline FISCHER,

second daughter of the late master craftsman Jacob FISCHER, a citizen and weaver of this place,

and his wife Elisabeth Barbara, née DRESSEL, of this place, 31 years old

were married after a single announcement of banns in the local town church by the deputy to the archdeacon, superintendent M. SAUERTEIG.

Genealogist's Notes [S5]

A "citizen" (*Bürger*) possessed specific legal rights, including the right to vote, commercial privileges, or guild memberships. Historically, the urban citizenry held a distinct legal status that differed significantly from the rural population or serfs.

The term "of this place" (*allhier*) simply means "here". In parish registers, it indicates that the person was a native or long-term resident of that specific parish and hat not moved there from a neighboring town.

The abbreviation "*weil.*" stands for "*weiland*", an old-fashioned term meaning "formerly" or "late", indicating that the person was already deceased at the time of the record's creation.

The phrase "after a single announcement" (*nach einmaligem Aufgebot*) refers to the public banns of marriage. Traditionally, upcoming marriages were announced in church to give the community an opportunity to report any legal obstacles (such as an existing marriage or close consanguinity). While usually done three times, in this case a "single announcement" indicates a dispensation was granted to speed up the process.

A "archdeacon" (*Archidiacons*) is a senior clerical official in the church hierarchy who ranked just below the bishop, primarily responsible for the administrative and financial affairs of a diocese or district.

A "superintendent" (*Superintendanten*) is the ecclesiastical leader of a regional church district comprising several parishes. In Protestant church structures, the superintendent acts as the direct supervisor of the local pastors.

TGL EXAMPLE

6. Historical and Cultural Context

To fully appreciate the genealogical discoveries, personal family milestones must be viewed through the lens of the broader socio-economic and cultural history of the 19th century. This Chapter contextualizes the geographical transition of the HÖLLEIN family from the heart of Thuringia to the industrial centers of Belgium.

6.1 Meaning of the Name "HÖLLEIN"

The surname HÖLLEIN (also appearing in historical documents as Hollein or Hoelein) is an onomastic treasure rooted deeply in the Upper German and Central German linguistic regions, particularly within the historic borders of Thuringia and northern Bavaria.

From an etymological perspective, the name is classified under two primary linguistic origins:

Toponymic Origin (*Herkunftsname*): In many regional cases, the surname derives from a specific geographic feature or micro-toponym. It frequently points to an ancestor who lived near or managed a property in a low-lying valley, a hollow, or a deeply carved wooded ravine – historically referred to in Middle High German as a "Hölle" (which, in a purely geographical, pre-Christian context, denoted a dark, hidden, or sunken place, entirely distinct from the theological concept of hell, which would be the literal translation in modern days) [H6]. The suffix "-lein" is the classic Upper German diminutive, transforming the name into "the dweller of the small hollow" [H7]

Occupational or House-Name Origin: Alternatively, in regions with a strong tradition of milling and agriculture – such as Eisfeld – the name could be linked to a specific historical estate or farmstead known as the Höllein property [H8].

For the client's specific lineage, the continuous archival tracking back to Generation [G7] in the parish books of Eisfeld firmly establishes the name as an endemic, deeply rooted Thuringian surname, tightly interwoven with the local agricultural and artisanal milling traditions of the regions.

EXAMPLE

6.2 History: The Industrial Migration Wave between Germany and Belgium

The journey of Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] from Eisfeld to Louvain in the 1870s/1880s was not an isolated event, but part of a highly specialized, historically significant micro-migration wave that connected Central Germany with the Kingdom of Belgium during the late industrial revolution.

While millions of Germans boarded ships in Hamburg and Bremen to seek a new life across the Atlantic in America, a select group of highly skilled continental craftsmen chose a different path [H9]. Following the Franco-Prussian War (1870 – 1871) and the subsequent economic boom, the Meuse Valley (*Val de Meuse*) in Belgium, alongside industrial hubs like Liège and Louvain, transformed into the heavy-industry capital of continental Europe [H10].

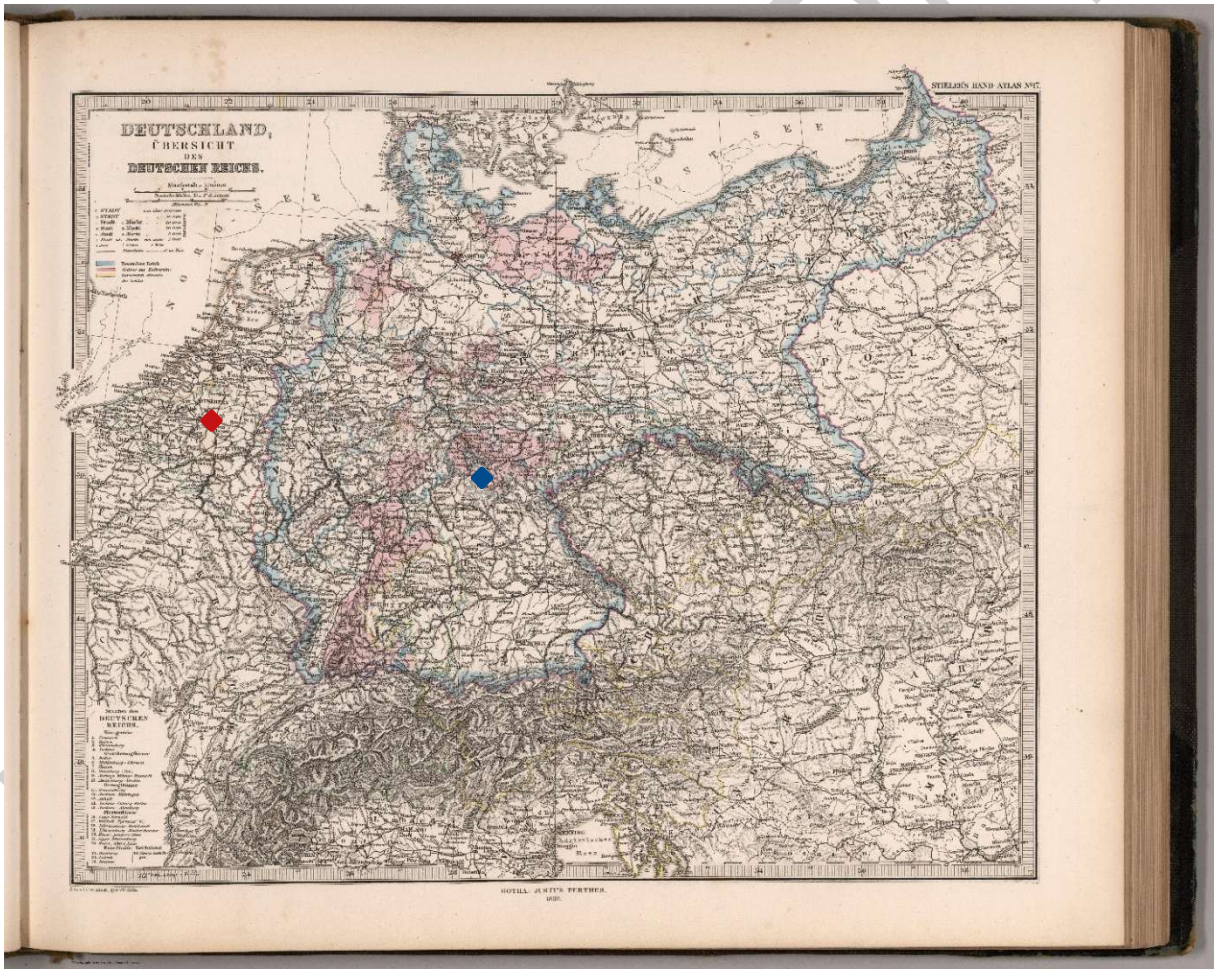


Figure 6.1 Historical overview map of the German Empire (1885) by Stieler, highlighting the ancestral hometown of Eisfeld, Thuringia, (◆) and the industrial migration destination of Louvain, Belgium (◆) [H11].

SAMPLE REPORT – SENSITIVE CLIENT DATA ALTERED FOR PRIVACY

The Pull Factors of Belgium: The rapid expansion of Belgian glassworks, locomotive manufacturing, coal mining, and industrialized master-milling corporations created a massive labor vacuum [H12]. Because Germany possessed world-renowned training systems for engineering, specialized metalworking, and advanced milling techniques, Belgian industrial tycoons actively recruited heavily in regions like Thuringia [H13]. Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN, documented as a *Chef Meunier* (Master Miller), possessed exactly the kind of highly technical expertise required to manage the massive, steam-powered industrial merchant mills that were replacing traditional watermills.

The Expatriate Reality: Upon arrival in Louvain, German workers did not assimilate immediately; instead, they established vibrant expatriate communities [H14]. They lived in close proximity – as evidenced by Georg Wilhelm's residence on *Rue du Lombard* – and frequently formed unions with fellow expatriates from their own home sub-regions, which perfectly explains his union with Johanne Friederike FISCHER from Eisfeld.

The position of a *Chef Meunier* (Chief Miller) in a late 19th-century industrial hub like Louvain was far from a traditional rural trade. As Belgium pioneered the continental Industrial Revolution, classic wooden watermills were rapidly replaced by massive, steam-powered merchant mills [H13]. Managing these automated facilities required highly technical engineering skills and precise ledger-keeping—expertise that was heavily recruited from Germany's advanced guild training systems [H12]. For an expatriate like Georg Wilhelm, migrating to Belgium was a calculated leap into a high-stakes corporate industry [H13].

The industrial dream, however, carried severe risks. The intense labor, combined with urban density, led to high mortality rates among young migrant workers [H15]. The premature deaths of Johanne Friederike (between 1888 and 1895) and Georg Wilhelm (1895) reflect the tragic side of this economic migration, ultimately forcing the next generation to return to Germany and closing a fascinating, short-lived European transnational chapter in the family history.

7. Recommendations for Future Research

While this intensive 15-hour research phase successfully documented the maternal HÖLLEIN lineage across several generations and verified the historical Belgian migration lore, the newly discovered archival records have opened fascinating new paths for exploration. These strategic leads are designed to transform your structured heritage record into an even richer, multi-generational family chronicle. In accordance with the Genealogical Proof Standard (GPS), the following three targeted research extensions are highly recommended to bypass established "brick walls" and expand the family history:

SAMPLE REPORT – SENSITIVE CLIENT DATA ALTERED FOR PRIVACY

TGL EXAMPLE

Project Extension I: Unlocking the BACKERT Stepmother Nuptials and Louvain Household

- *Objective:* To fully transcribe, translate, and analyze the civil marriage certificate of Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5] and his second wife, Jeanne Ernestine BACKERT, which was successfully located during the final stages of this phase but fell outside the chronological scope of the authorized research hours.
- *Methodology:* A dedicated follow-up phase will integrate this vital document into the narrative to uncover how the family structure adapted after the tragic loss of the biological mother, Johanne Friederike FISCHER [G5].

Project Extension II: The EILHAUER Merchant Miller Line [G6 – G8]

- *Objective:* To resolve the current data gap surrounding the client's great-great-great-great-grandmother, Caroline EILHAUER [G6].
- *Methodology:* Since her father, Georg EILHAUER [G7], is officially documented as the respected *Herrenmüller* (Master Miller) of the Eisfeld manorial town mill (*Herrenmühle*), specialized guild records, mill-owner registries, and local citizenship rolls (*Bürgerbücher*) should be systematically searched. This will allow us to uncover Caroline's exact birth date and trace the prestigious milling lineage deep into the 18th century.

Project Extension III: Bypassing the Pre-1800 Thuringia Parish Gaps [G7 – G8]

- *Objective:* To extend the paternal line of Johann Christian HÖLLEIN [G7] further back in time.
- *Methodology:* The goal is to analyze the earliest Lutheran parish books of Eisfeld and surrounding agricultural villages via Archion. By cross-referencing 18th-century baptismal and confirmation lists, we can bypass the fragmented records of the Napoleonic era and connect the lineage to the earliest surviving regional family clans.

In summary, while the current phase has established an unassailable ancestral foundation, the extraction of these upcoming archival layers will transform this heritage record from a specialized lineage chart into a comprehensive, multi-generational family chronicle. We remain at your full service to initiate these targeted subsequent project steps at your earliest convenience to further unlock the deep historical legacy of the HÖLLEIN family.

TGL EXAMPLE

8. List of Citations and Source Documentation

To ensure full transparency and compliance with the international Genealogical Proof Standard (GPS), this section compiles all primary archival records and authoritative historical literature utilized in the compilation of this heritage report. Every conclusion drawn within the preceding chapters can be independently verified via the repositories and source citations below.

8.1 Primary Archival Sources (Document Registry)

Document [S1]: Civil Birth Certificate – Johann Joseph Ernst HÖLLEIN [G4]

State Archives of Belgium (Archives de l'État en Belgique), Repository Brussels. Louvain Civil Birth Registers (1888 – 1890), Page 163 (left side), Entry No. 1184. Accessed via the AGATHA Archive Portal on August 26, 2026.

Document [S2]: Civil Death Certificate – Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5]

State Archives of Belgium (*Archives de l'État en Belgique*), Repository Brussels. Louvain Civil Death Registers (1891–1897), Page 574 (right side), Entry No. 803. Accessed via the AGATHA Archive Portal on August 26, 2026.

Document [S3]: Ecclesiastical Baptism Record – Georg Wilhelm HÖLLEIN [G5]

Landeskirchenarchiv der Evangelischen Kirche Mitteldeutschlands. Kirchenkreis Hildburghausen-Eisfeld, Parish of Eisfeld, Births and Baptisms (*Taufen*) 1825–1850, Microfilm Index Picture 259, Row 1, Entry No. 507. Accessed via the Archion Online Portal on August 27, 2026.

Document [S4]: Ecclesiastical Baptism Record – Johanne Friederike FISCHER [G5]

Landeskirchenarchiv der Evangelischen Kirche Mitteldeutschlands. Kirchenkreis Hildburghausen-Eisfeld, Parish of Eisfeld, Births and Baptisms (*Taufen*) 1851–1872, Microfilm Index Picture 55 (left side), Row 4, Entry No. 88. Includes a subsequent marginal acknowledgment protocol dated November 6, 1873. Accessed via the Archion Online Portal on August 28, 2026.

Document [S5]: Ecclesiastical Marriage Certificate – Carl August BACKERT and Caroline FISCHER [G6]

Landeskirchenarchiv der Evangelischen Kirche Mitteldeutschlands. Kirchenkreis Hildburghausen-Eisfeld, Parish of Eisfeld, Marriages (*Trauungen*) 1806–1865, Microfilm Index Picture 106 (left side), Entry No. 7. Accessed via the Archion Online Portal on August 28, 2026.

TG EXAMPLE

8.2 Historical and Onomastic Literature

[H1] *Meyers Konversations-Lexikon*. 4th ed. Vol. 5, *Edam – Frauengestalt*. Leipzig: Verlag des Bibliographischen Instituts, 1888. s.v. "Eisfeld." Digital edition via Wikisource, https://de.wikisource.org/wiki/MKL1888:Eisfeld.

[H2] Flemish Organization for Immovable Heritage (Agentschap Onroerend Erfgoed). "Lombaardenstraat" [Lombard Street, Leuven]. *Inventaris Bouwkundig Erfgoed* [Inventory of Architectural Heritage]. 2011. Accessed August 29, 2026. https://inventaris.onroerenderfgoed.be/themas/15091.

[H3] Van Even, Edward. *Louvain monumental ou Description historique et artistique de tous les édifices civils et religieux de la dite ville* [Monumental Louvain or Historical and Artistic Description of All Civil and Religious Buildings of the Said City]. Leuven: Fonteyn, 1860. Digital edition via Katholieke Universiteit Leuven (KU Leuven) Libraries.

[H4] Dahinten, Ernst. *Geschichte der Heimat: Stadt und Amt Eisfeld* [History of the Homeland: City and District of Eisfeld]. Vol. 4. Eisfeld: Offizin Beck, 1934. s.v. "Mühlen."

[H5] State Office for Heritage Management and Archaeology of Thuringia (TLDA). *Denkmalliste des Landkreises Hildburghausen: Stadt Eisfeld* [List of Cultural Monuments: City of Eisfeld]. s.v. "Herrenmühle / Herrenmühlenweg 16."

[H6] Bahlow, Hans. *Deutsches Namenlexikon: Familien- und Vornamen nach Ursprung und Sinn erklärt*. Suhrkamp Verlag, Frankfurt am Main, 1972.

[H7] Gottschald, Max. *Deutsche Namenkunde: Unsere Familiennamen nach Entstehung und Bedeutung*. De Gruyter, Berlin, 5. Auflage 1982.

[H8] Udolph, Jürgen. *Professor für Onomastik: Einführung in die deutsche Namenkunden und thüringische Mikrotoponymie*. Leipzig, 2005.

[H9] Bade, Klaus J. *Deutsche Reiche über See und Auswanderungsbewegungen im 19. Jahrhundert*. V&R Unipress, Göttingen, 1983.

[H10] Stengers, Jean. *Emigration and Immigration in Belgium: Nineteenth and Twentieth Centuries*. Éditions de l'Université de Bruxelles, 1978.

[H11] Stieler, Adolf. Deutschland, Übersicht des Deutschen Reichs. In: Stieler's Hand-Atlas No. 17. Gotha: Justus Perthes, 1880. Accessed via David Rumsey Map Collection.

[H12] Pasleau, Suzy. *Les Allemands dans l'industrie liégeoise et le bassin de la Meuse (1870–1914)*. Refr. Historique Liégeoise, 1994.

[H13] Dhondt, Jan. *The Industrial Revolution in Belgium*. Princeton University Press, 1970.

EXAMPLE

[H14] Devleeshouwer, Robert. *L'expatriation des mineurs et ouvriers spécialisés allemands en Wallonie*. Bruxelles, 1981.

[H15] Morelli, Anne. *Histoire des étrangers et de l'immigration en Belgique de la préhistoire à nos jours*. Vie Ouvrière, Bruxelles, 1992.

TGL EXAMPLE

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